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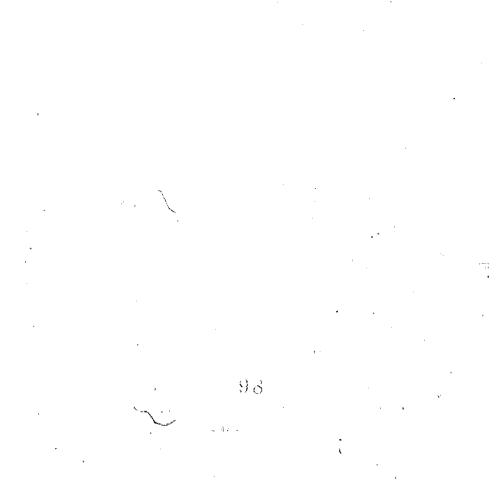
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SIGHTICART DEVELOPMENTS AND COMES OF TESTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

To preserve Idaho's heritage and to create wide public knowledge, Interest, and pride in that heritage is the responsibility and goal of the State Historical Society.

Preservation at our statory involves a wide range of activities: collecting objects, photographs, documents, maps, newspapers, and books; preserving and restoring historic buildings and sites; and offering educational experiences for school children and adults, including field trips to historic sites; loctures and slide shows, special exhibits, and rublications on a wide range of historical topic.

Service to the people of Idaho includes technical assistance to local historical societies, assistance in historic preservation for owners of property, and assistance to local and state governmental agencies in historical and archival matter:

Busine, Use year year the excient has been a tach-needed program of Biatoric Sites Maintenance and Interpretation, designed to manage several a state-owned properties of great value and signaficance. These include the old idaho Pentientiary (open daily to visitar, since December, 1975), the United States Assay Office, and the Pierce Courthouse. Visitation at the Old Pentientiary should reach 25,000 by the end of its first year as a state historic development. The revenue, merated is helping to pay the costsof maintenance and further development of the educational program at the site.

A master plan for development of the Old Penitentiary property has been produced over the past year with the aid of a 349,864 grant from the National Endowment for the Arts. The plan offers Idaho an exciting opportunity to preserve an unique historic site and scenic recreational and park area, and to develop state-owned land for future office needs more economically than elsewhere.

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the press of active preservation threater; and plan have been boundered by etypical during the year with field survey and research of hundreds of hundridge and places reportant to Idams howers. A state arenaeological has been added to the staff of the society to accels with rederal regulations. This addition has been meeded uscently for some years to enable the society to sordinate distance wild, program it and modernial study and protection. The position is no per contificated funded. The context is grateful for the assistance of the professional archaeologists in our universities in advising and supporting this program development.

deals for the immediate future include:

- 1. The preparation and production of Adaho history teaching kits for all of the state's fourth grade teachers, made up of allde sets, teachers manuals and other materials to help sake Idaho history like.
- to positionalize the Minhous Berie, a large Victorian consider, at the old Penitents we site. School children will be able to visit the only restored a resoft the period, and adults will be able to charter the house for special receptions and parties.
- Publication of a number of new titles in the society's engoing programmer providing authoritative anterial of flaho history to people of all ages.

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SUBSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

COLLEGE OF SOUTHERN IDAGO

The College of Southern Idaho's majo, highlight of the year inn been the initial construction of the new vocational-technical building. This much needed factiffy will allow us by June of 1976 to bring all our present invocational programs to the main campus.

The growth in the community nervice role has continued to expand at a rapid race. Last year approximately 125,000 persons took part in some activity on compus unrelated to the regular on-going educational process.

Also, as grantee for the Planning and Service Area IV of the Idaho Office on Aging, we presently are providing transportation, incorrection and reterral, outreach and nutrition services to the 17,000 senior citizens above living in our right county district.

During the spring it was CSI's honor to host the Higher Commission of the Northwest Association of Secondary and Higher Schools. It was the first time this discinguished group had ever conferred outside of Washington or Oregon.

Affirmative Action has been taken by the college in reference to

Title IX of the Educational Ammerdments of 1972. Plans have been formulated
to participate in various forms of women's intramurals and collegiate
athletic programs which reach fruition by full of 1976.

In addition, the College has sought to maintain and improve the quality of the existing programs in every field, keeping in mind our role within the educational arructure of the State of Idaho.

We are proud to be an integral part of the post-secondary educational spectrum in the State of Idaho.

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Library

The physical facilities of the library at 631 include the sain library.

The library ones and a small reading area in the main work th building our Eimberly Read.

The main library contains an area of apprecimately 10,000 square feet housed in the Multi-Use Building. Here are located the took and periodicals collected the greater part of the audiosvisual bardwire and the public services areas of the library.

The library annex is a converted dwelling agreem campus from the main library which 'coses the technical services of the library, office space and limited storage space. The vo-tech reading area is a small area in the lobby of the main vo-tech building located on Kimberly Road seroes town. Daily deliveries of current periodicals and newspapers are made to this area.

After an inventory during the sugger of 1974, we find the collection contains approximately 91,000 bound books, including the micro-book collection of the Energlepedia aritannica's "Library of American civilization." Current issues, beind volumes and microfilm (16mm, negative, on cartridges) of over 400 periodical titles are available. Standard and Specialized reference materials, federal and state-government documents, pumphlet life, a reserve book meetion and a broad microfil field of circulatine books are available to patrons of the library.

The audio-visual area includes the Dial-Access eystem which provides audio services both to the twenty-eix carrels in the library and to the entire classified complex in the Shields Building. Individualized and class oriented instructional meterials are available on this system. Also available of the various divisors of AV interests; visto, film strips, librarian Summ films, slides, casactes, radio, cartridge materials, phonograph and taped recordings, and copying and various production rapabilities. There are the capacity vissing or listentus rooms for individual use.

Library services are extended to all CSI students and faculty and the residents of the college region. The spirit of cooperative helpfulness is characteristic among the two professional 4thracfans, the twelve-paraprafessionals of library technicians and the work study students. People and services to the people are strongly emphasized, while in the Library collection the emphasis is on quality and relevancy.

Physical Plant

The 1974-75 year witnessed the initial phases of construction of a major vocational technical building of approximately 90,000 square feet. This facility will house the auto-mechanics, auto hody, welding, drafting, refrigeration, electronics, air conditioning and heating programs.

Also in the early stage of development is the Exposition Center which will allow increased flexibility in teaching various facets of agri-business. This single span structure is 60,000 square feet and offers added features designed to promote training and experiences related to the various agriculture in hostiles of the Magic Valley.

Other arous of emphasis will include further expansion of the compus green belt. This project has greatly enhanced the asthetic beauty of the campus perimeter. Another project which will receive considerable attention is the additional northside entrances which will be necessary to reach the parking areas adjacent to the new vocational technical building. This will be in conjunction with the City of Twin Fails, which will open a new aftermost along the north boundry of the campus.

Student Personnel Services

The College of Southern Idaho accepts responsibility for the provision of all the personalized services that constitute a good guidance program as an integrating factor in the successful achievement of student and institutional objectives. In order to meet this responsibility the college provides guidance and counseling, financial assistance, housing, health and medical services, and student activities.

The Coffege has been successful in helping many students meet their financial needs. A combination of all programs benefited students in the approximate sum of \$536,300 in the 1974-75 year and \$620,000 in 1975-76. This does not include part-time wages from jobs secured through the student placement office. Approximately 500 students are employed each year by local business and industry.

The Associated Students conduct an extensive student services program.

They have spent approximately \$65,000 during the biennium on a wide variety of activities. These include student government, student intramurels, debate and forensics, fine arts, cocial activities, publications and health services the college also supports a fine intercollegiate athletic program fielding teams in basketball, baseball, track and cross-country.



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The bulk of activities of the caderic limition is concined with the academic trunder products, one indication of success in this area is the ability of subjects to complete upper division studies at four-year mattinions, can relievely studies finds at their atomics year mattinions. Can relievely studies finds at their atomics, who are successful at 601 are also so could at the institution is which the trunder. The institution is similar of and attentive to the new for all the unitarity soil objects the legest (as set divides a formation of subjects and attentive at relativistic structures of an entire in a continuous contact and discount at relativistic and to the iterative atticulation.

Constatent with accented at industry, the accelerate division is attempting to individualize as much of the program is in to calle. This allows students greater flexibility in planning their academic careers. They can begin their studies at law tips, can progress at their own rate and are not field to the traditional fine, crame of higher education. At present, the academic division has il individualized courses in operation. The development of these courses has been done by the facility of the division.

The chift education and prevelopmental skills operations of the division have continued to progress during the cost year. Approximately 1,960 students have been insolved in adult bud education, developmental diffus, adult continuing education and related activities. During we see an assuming even greater importance in the future. Also, the division competates with Idaha Continuing Education and offers a number of upper division and graduate courses each semester. Totally, the anademic division served approximately 2,500 numbers each demonster and an additional and in the summer session.

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Professional Joseph en-		90,181	95,576
Other Services		324,445	252,767
Communications		130,229	160,763
Villin		1 7,712	244,959
Materials and Succession		20-4032	300,167
Vertsin		217,797	341,414
Expairs And Haintensuce		137,947	172,065
Materials for Mig. and Bessie		1,13.	255
Mincellandors Operating Expenses		25,769	11,012
Land, Structures and Improvement	٠	197,546	81,406
Equipment		442,/10	548,916.
- C- K		7,174,240	c 11,301,460
Encing Encumbrances	* *	432,069	455,340
Unencumbered Balance	M	457	13,473
JRAND TOTAL		9,997,676	41,839,679



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LINGUE STATE UNIVERSITY		,
Dalaries and Wares	8,549,891	9,708,326
Personnel Benefits	F50, 3e9	1,697,236
Travel	167,216	121,213
Professional Services	215,745	201, 298
Other Services -	254,899	384,717
Cosmanications .	148,756	187,120
Utilities	418,013	647,056
Materials and Supplies 5	510,588	620,079
Pental»	154,964	199,808
Repairs and Maintenance	201,612	319,156
Mincellandous Operating Exyoneus	63,666	82,913
Land, Structures and Improvement	551,850	403,407
Equipment	686,958	683,517
•	12,727,391	, 15,455,846
¥» итръчисов	822,788	407,458
Unency od Balance	3,963	2,611
GRAND TOTAL	13,614,142	15,865,915
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:		Fircal 1974	Fiscal 1975
EASTERN IDAHO VOCATIONAL- TECHNICAL SCHOOL	*	ı	
Salaries and Wages	•	242,703.87	289,101.58
Personnal Benefits		20,636.24	45,772.66
Travel	τ	5,769.85	6,307.81
Professional Services		389.00	158.75
Other Services	±4:	- 4,551.48	5,804.32
Communications	** *	2,792.21	3,868.30
Utilities.	1	· 6,380x47	7,379.88
Materials and Supplies		22,719.34	37,769,69
Rent		9,289,74;	15,473.80
Repairs and Maintenance		4,590,43	5,511.74
Miscellaneous Operating Expense	98	1,430.27	236.22
Equipment		23,808.57	23,241.88
Payments as Agent		28,680.47	39,471.03
TOTAL	i	373,471.94	480,097.66
Ending Encumbrances		28,613.02	63,201.59
Unencumbered Balance		11,673.31	14,1:
Student Activity and Developmen	ı E		3,977.54
GRAND TOTAL		414,029.27	, 561,443.20
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VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION	Fineal 1974	Fiscal 1975
Salaries and Wages	949,835	1,182,921
Personnel Benefits	146,537.	185,859
Travel	56,478	45,697
Professional Services	30,388	27,610
Other Services	22,244	29,440
Communications -	49,974	55,625
Utilities	1,393	1,999
Materials and Supplies	23,852 ,	. 26,286
Repairs and Maintenance	7,520	9,978
Rentalo	95,747	108,734
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	1,828	1,279
Equipment	47,368	28,594 "
Trustee and Benefit Payments	2,327,354	2,309,040
Payments as Agent	616,659	838,256_
TOTAL	4,377,177	4,851,318
Ending Encumbrances	1,173,180	1,277,968
Refunds	(13,759)	(58,650)
GRAND TOTAL	5,536,598	6,070,636

LEWIS-CLARK STATE COLLEGE	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
Salaries and Wages	1,141,025	1,349,754
Personnel Benefits	114,246	203,536
Travel	18,408	30,703
Professional Services	4,602	11,421
Other Services	13,806	47,492
Communications	16,107	19,688
Utilities	46,356	69,055
Materials and Supplies	42,641	60,463
Rentals	27,611	33,828
Repairs and Maintenance	25 ₈ 310	30,492
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	15,452	14,319
Equipment	52,167	118,751
TOTAL	1,517,731	1,989,502
Ending Encumbrances	11,995	42,940
Unencumbered Balance	(18,680) ¹	9,9752
GRAND TOTAL	1,511,046	2,042,417

1\$989 General Fund

²\$815 General Fund

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VOCATIONAL EDUCATION	Fiscal 1974	, Fiscal 1975
Salaries and Wages,	385,031	444,227
Personnel Benefits	41,574	70,186
Travel	, 30,765	44,808
Professional Services	1,765	· ===
Other Services	9,222	19,491
Communications	20,879	24,110
Utilities	73	
Materials and Supplies	12,312	13,252
Rentals	91	a was
Repairs and Maintenance	1,417	1,728
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	304	2,111
Equipment	6,765	11,428
Trustee and Benefit Payments	6,751,188	8,715,059
TOTAL	7,261,386	9,346,400
Ending Encumbrances	2,831,333	2,394,851
Unencumbered Balance	421,291	222,563
GRAND TOTAL	10,514,010	11,963,814

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	Fiscal 1974 ·	F1scal 1975
IDANO STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND		<i>.</i>
Solaries and Wages	820,717.26	1,064,327.10
Personnel Benefits	98,195.31	184,351.34
Travel	19,231.27	28,475.74
Professional Services	2,380.60	3,432.69
Other Services	4,150.15	3,796.30
Communications	8,856.93	12,595,59
Utilities	43,038.66	52,132.60
Materials and Supplies	90,025.59	95,569.89
Repairs and Maintenance	26,982.70	19,923.47
Rentels	854.78	2,316.96
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	8e, 86£, a	5,291.90
Equipment	30,103.41	48,683.06
Trustee and Benefit Payments		596.28
TOTAL	1,150,905.64	1,521,492.92
Ending Encumbrances	24,411.28	7,309.94
Unencumbered Balance	(19,896.84)	17,101.34
GRAND TOTAL	1,155,420.08	1,545,904.20

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Fiscal 1974	Fincal 1975
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IDANO HISTÓRICAL SOCIETY (Includem Idaho Pioneer Ammediation)	Piacal 1974	Pineal 1975
Salaries and Wages	195,600	191,660
Personnel Benefits .	20,200	30,600
Travel	5,200	6,400
Professional Services	7,000	3,960
Other Services	9,000	19,000
Communications	5,000	5,700
Utilities	. 6,400	ម.ដល
Materials and Supplies	10.HQQ	20,900
Repairs and Maintenance	5,700	15,800
Haterials for Hgf. and Besale	8,300	10,800
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	1,260	1,600
Rentals	350	1,700
Land, Structures and Improvement	13,500	11,700
Equipment	17,*:3	17,500
Payments as Agent	32,000	85,100
TOTAL	334,400	431,100,
Ending Encumbrances	9,500	24,100
Other Funds	. 37	400
GRAND TOTAL	343,906	455,600 .

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	balation and Wages		24 344	. S Epitapina
	Personnel Peneftin	*.	274/975	\$44,190
	Travel		25 (15 to)	19,190
	Profesalent Corvices		21,595	21,160
	Other Services		2562704	120,200
	Communications		34,4.v	75,900
	Utiliates		***	100,806
	Haterials of Supplies		169,211	117,566
	Repairs and Nathtenance		. 477, P'r	144,090
	Wentale		111,500	24,305
	Minorlianeous (meraning Expenses		1(13,124)	112,800
	Equipment 19		yā, ii z	100,700
,	Land, Structures and Improvement		- 44 km m	ୁ ଶ୍ର୍ବଶ୍ର
	Trunter and benefit Payments		311. 35 9	166,800
	7 <i>0</i> 7/23,		2,863,679	1,674,900
	Other	•	(161,1,1)	(157, 696)
	CHAND TOTAL	,	3,027,053	3.547,900
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BEV PRINTRAM RESPONSEBILITIES

Figure 7 was 1975 was the first year of operation under the 1976 to organisation which gave the State Poets of Parcetion supervisory authority over a greater number of institutions and apareties. Togeteen and administration were coordinated through the Office of the State Sound of Education. It slaves the first year the board served as ident's fosteroodery fluction. Commission, engaging in posteroodery planning as authorized by the Higher Education Americans of 1971.

For the first full year, the board expersions the State of Idaho Scholarehip Program, funded by the Idaho tegislature in 1974 to provide achievables to outstanding ecademic and vocational ecutente. The board authorised evenue of The scholarehips in 1974 and 27 to 1975, along with 27 continuing echolarehips.

The boxes serumed responsibility for expertision of public-educational television in FF'/), a responsibility transferred from the Department of Administration. An Ad No. Educational Television Committee expertises the system until funds for a full-time coordinator became available July 1, 1975.

The board continued for review of curriculum offerings, etuiring erchitenture, engineering and special education to TT 75. At the same size, which board began about evaluation of graduate-lavel programs to the state, establishing a "minimum productivity" formule as a means of identifying graduate programs which about to tayleves.

fan e reault of authorising legislation, the board and its elainietrative office metablished plans for July 1, 1975, implamentation of SEFARS fitterwide Educational Planning and Parorting Syxtem), a comprehensive management

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Augmificant developments and scals by institutions and dividical

OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF ELECATION

The office of the litera Goard of Education continued to work with the ateta's sentor institutions of higher of conton to implement a common system of budgeting, accounting and management information. The system will provide comparative data for use to plauning and budgeting. In compensation with the institutions, the office also developed a common reporting system for entollogies.

The office continued to administer community exercice and continuing education programs under Title I of the Higher Education Act, and provided staff to do the necessary planning for the Fostescondary Education Commission.

Rajor geals of the effice are:

--partaction of the budgeting process for all institutions and agencies under the supervision of the board,

**implementation of a genuine statewide management information eyelem.

-continuation and perfection of the curriculum raview process.

meand better coordination of vocational education with both higher education and the public achievals.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GUALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Major accomplianments for FT 1975 have been in the areas of leadership and direction. The department has changed superintendents; consequently, the department has undergone an entire reorganization in programs, personnel sesignments and departmental philosophy and priorities. Along with maintaining the normal leadership and regulatory functions, the department has new direction in the areas of performance-based graduation requirements, equalized echool funding and unit decentralization, to name a few. Further gains have been made in legislation affecting the public schools, particularly with the passage of the long swatted kindergarden bill, and in other reform legislation in school finance, exceptional children program, texation, are. The department continues to provide texdership to the public schools and school districts, with emphasis upon area workshops, seminars and needs apprenuents.

Objectives and goals for FY 1975 were to continue to develop and introduce legislation affecting public actions; attempthed leadership, planning and accountability at the local level by providing for attre and regional workshops; provide for the certification of trained personnel to fill the needs of public and private schools, antiprovide research to upgrate leacher education and certification programs; and to work with the U. S. Office of Education and various interestes projects for more effective management of federal programs to effectively carry out state law and State Board of Education policy. Most of these goals and objectives were nitained matisfactorily.

Pinance and Administration Program

hajor accomplishments for FY 19/2 have been to two general areas. In the area of finance, continued effort to attempthen the new program modifying the procedures of recording and reporting current attendance and enrollment feports has brought affirmative results. A series of area conferences for

districts on the implementation of the procedure and process of the U. S. Office of Education financial accounting very held to further attengthen and coordinate public actual accountability. Better department computer programming and utilization has resulted in more complete, accurate and timely flucial and personnel data an atate and federal requirementa become more utringent and numerous.

In the area of General Services, there have been program shifts in the Innovative Centers and Indian Education programs to the Division of Federal Programs, There A combining of similar programs has made supervision and accountability more efficient. The innovative projects continue to be a healthy program in the Title III, ESEA area, with 19 ongoing projects and good reports of them throughout the State. The Neighborhood Youth Corps project was transferred to the Department of Employment and the Drug Education Program has been phased out completely due to lack of state funding support. More matching dollars are needed in the Food Services Program as a result of a rate indrease of one cent a meal in the achools; this trend will continue, it appears:

Objectives and moule for PY 1975 were to provide for effective management procedures and financial accounting for all department activities; provide leadership for budget preparation and presentation to the State Board of Education and the legislature; provide for supervision of general administration programs, such as school lunch, driver education, school building and construction schmol transportation, Meighborhood Youth Corps, and Veterans Approval; provide for the distribution of funds to local school districts; provide technical assistance to local school districts on financial and administrative procedures; and provide information on public education to the legislature. These goals and objectives were satisfactorily attained.

Educational Services

Major accomplishments for FY 1975 included a more functionally operating division since the consolidation of federal/programs and subsequent relinearut. Basci upon past success many mile regional workshops were conducted for teachers throughout the state in the various subject fields, as well as more needs assessents and school evaluations. A kindergarten guide was published and disseminated, and workshops were held statewide in which 90 percent of the achools were reached. Expansion and improvement was evident In many programs, such as educational television, where several more programs

were added; teacher inservice training, where a more concentrated method is proving to be more effective; and career guidance and planning program, where a new grant provided workshop experiences for 75 percent of the achools within the state. Staff enrichment was provided in various ways as the U. S. Office of Education conducted a Title I ESEA conference; seminars and meetings were held by federal agencies; and educational opportunities were provided numerous staff members. Consultative services were provided upon request, and the required reports and evaluations of federal programs were accomplished on schedule.

Objectives and goals for PY 1975 were to strengthen leadership, planning and accountability at the local level by conducting needs assessments, school evaluations and management audits; furnish local school districts the necessary consultative help to meet problems and improve instruction; administer federal programs for the benefit of children (e.g., innovative programs, ESEA Title III and Higrant Education); increase services and programs for handicapped children; develop workshops for educational personnel; assist in the carrying out of pilot studies and disseminate information on such studies; and development of preliminary Affirmative Action guidelines in preparation for workshops which are scheduled during FY 1976. The objectives and goals were accomplished watisfactorily.

Statewide Information Services Program

Major accomplishments for FY 1975 were restricted in part due to a maintenance level budget. No funds were available for expansion of services to the State Department of Education or the local school districts. Nevertheless, payroll districts were increased from 6 to 35 and financial districts increased from 4 to 19 hs more school districts began to realize the benefits of utilizing the computer. Consultative assistance continued to the department in the planning and implementation of specific program needs such as the Budget and Pederal Grant Reporting Program. The State Board of Education requested the development of a plan for the Statewide Educational Planning and Reporting System (SEPARS), and, upon development of the plan, SIS was transferred from the Department of Education and became an integral part of SEPARS.

Objectives and goals for FY 1975 were to provide a fiscal accounting system for all school districts which produces a record of receipts; provide a payroll system which issues checks for employees; provide for a system of

recording school district employee information; provide for a total system of recording and accounting for all enrolled students of school districts; provide for a system of recording all instructional classes of school districts, showing enrollment, class time, etc.; and provide a system to respond to school district desires relative to student scheduling and grade recording. The chove goals were exceptionally attained.

UNIVERSITY OF IDABO (General Education)

Primary to a discussion on goals and objectives of the University of Idaho must be consideration of Regents'-assignment of responsibilities within the context of a statewide system of postsecondary education. In its 1973 statement, the Board of Regents placed major responsibility for research, graduate work and professional education upon the University of Idaho. Thus the university's goals and objectives reflect commitment to strengthening the university's programs in these areas as well as to continuing viable undergraduate curriculums.

Currently, undergraduate programs in agricultural engineering, architecture, chemistry, education, engineering, forestry, mining and metallurgical engineering and music are accredited by professional accrediting agencies. Since professional education has long been a concern of the university, continuation and strengthening of these accreditations is a major objective. This because they represent the assurance that the dollars spent in the subvention of the programs are at least producing professionally acceptable results. Three additional accreditations of programs now being offered by the university should also be sought. These are in journalism, business administration and landscape architecture. In each of these programs, past efforts and emphasis have rendered the goal of accreditation reasonable without undue added investment beyond presently planned levels of personnal and dollars.

The coming years will see increasing emphasis by the University of Idaho in three areas — interdisciplinary or multidisciplinary work, off-campus extension and problem-oriented types of course work rather than purely didactic or primarily lecture types of offerings. Together with these will be increasing emphasis on the tailoring of work to individual or group needs rather than the shunting of the student seeking an atypical pattern through a variety of set courses often requiring endless prerequisites and extra credits to achieve his or her final goals.

The establishment of Lewiston as a seaport city indicates population growth in that area which will bring increased demand for educational opportunities and a need for increased cooperation between the University of Idaho and Lewis-Clark State College. Similar cooperation must be developed with North Idaho College which is located in Kootenai County, one of the fastest growing counties in Idaho. The university already has made some strides in this area. For instance, the College of Business and Economics now is increasing its capability to handle instruction at the Master of Business Administration level through off-campus programs at Coeur d'Alene, and at Lewiston in conjunction with the Potlatch Forest Corporation.

Development of cooperative programs between states, such as WAMI and the Tri-state Veterinary program, remains a goal of the University of Idaho. The next logical program for development by intra-state cooperation is education in mining and metallurgy. The University of Idaho will continue to expand cooperative programs with our neighboring institution, Washington State University.

In the coming months the university will seek appropriate funding so that it might discharge ite Regents' assignment as a principal educational-research center for the state. Even though special budgets are provided in agricultural and forestry rehearch, this funding is restricted and does not provide for widespread implementation of the research role. In bureaus of business and government research, in departments such as chemistry, physics, anthropology, biology, the social sciences, law, engineering and geology. to mention but a few, wide-ranging research programs of importance to the state and nation, as well as to the disciplines themselves, should be in progress, assuming the role assigned by the Board is being effectively implemented. At present the role is being carried out, only modestly because, with but few exceptions, there has never been realistic budgeting to provide subvention for this aspect of the university's mission.

Inextricably intertwined with a commitment for research must be a commitment to graduate education, another of the university's major responsibilities. Graduate work is a natural outgrowth of a commitment to research and of a commitment of some faculty time to research and public service. It is through the faculty member's research commitment that much

graduate instruction is accomplished and, reciprocally, it is through graduate instruction in a "learn by doing" pattern that considerable contribution to faculty research is made by graduate students. Public service also figures prominently in many of the research-graduate work interrelations which the university has undertaken and will continue to undertake.

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SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO (Agricultural Research)

Agricultural research is the responsibility of the Idaho Agricultural Experiment Station and is coordinated through seven subject matter departments at seven Research and Extension Centers throughout the state. The programs are designed to help solve and prevent problems associated with food production in Idaho. The program goals of each department and some of their recent accomplishments are listed below.

Department of Plant and Soil Sciences

- Breed and test new varieties of potatoes, cereals, vegetables and specialty crops.
- Improve methods to control weeds and plant diseases, with minimum environmental damage.
- c. Increase crop yields and quality by improving soil fertility and other crop management practices.
- d. Reduce soil erosion and improve land use.

Department of Agricultural Engineering

- Improve water management and control sediment and nutrient losses from irrigated lands.
- b. Develop new and improved equipment and techniques for harvesting and handling Idaho crops and soils.
- c. Determine how to effectively apply agricultural chemicals with irrigation systems.
- d. Develop new methods for controlling and predicting soil erosion from Idaho lands. θ

Department of Entomology

- Reduce losses from insects by improved chemical and non-chemical control measures.
- b. Increase numbers of pollinators by developing improved management practices and by controlling bee parasites and predators.
- c. Introduce and colonize insects for biological control of veeds.

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- Nonitor insect populations to improve predicting capabilities and detect "new" insect pests.
- Heasure environmental impact of land and water use practices on beneficial and pentiferous aquatic insects.

Department of Agricultural Economics

- Improved marketing practices for beef and potatoes and feasibility of vertical integration for the cattle industry.
- b. The economic and social impact of water use for irrigation, recreation and municipal use.
- c. The economics of alternate land use policies including such things as range management practices and farm tenure and lessing arrangements.
- c. The social and economic impact of rural-urban migration and the providing of facilities and services in rural areas.
- e. The economic impact of agriculture and agriculturally-related businesses f@wldsho.

Department of Veterinary Science

- a. Study cause-prevention and treatment of diseases of new-born calves and lambs including Weak Calf Syndrome.
- Study diseases which reduce reproductive efficiency in cattle and sheep including development of a one-injection vibric EAE vaccine and a measure of testing vaccine potency for sportion diseases of sheep.
- c. Short time applied research sized at bringing available technology to bear in the solution of Idaho disease problems, such as evaluation of a test and treat method for establishing anaplasmosis-free best herds in idaho and determining the geographic distribution and overall importance of blue-tongue of sheep in Southwestern idaho to serve as a basis for decision-making regarding possible control programs.

Department of Animal Industries

- a. Improve reproductive efficiency of beef and dairy cattle.
- b. Increase delry production with improved nutrition and management practices.
- c. Increase profit of feedlots with more efficient use of grain.
- d. Maximize productive officiency of ferm end range sheep flocks.

Department of Bucteriology and Biochemistry

- Determine cause of microbial authrophication (pollution) in several Idsho drainage basins.
- b. Develop alternate means of disposing of feedlot and processing weater.
- c. Prevent food spoilage from bandfris and keep agricultural commodities free from harmful constituents.
- d. Determination of the nutritive status of both raw and processed agricultural commodities.
- e. Development of vaccine for liver abacese in beef.

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Examples of Recent Research Accomplishments:

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- Best cattle range research has shown that Created Sheatgrane is defizient in line during late summer and fall. Supplementing cattle with 100 mg. zinc per day has resulting in a 0.3 lb. increase to gain per day. Thus, providing .04 fc of time per day results in an increased gain value of 10c-11c per day. This would account to an increased return of approximately 1200,000 to Idaho beef cattle producers.
- The Scall Towns research project is gathering information on the problems of small rural towns in Idaho. Many such towns have been losing population, and also losing the businesses which provide goods and services to people of the town and the surrounding countryside. The research is exploring the relationables which determine what kinds of businesses can survive in which types of towns. The results will be useful to the management decisions of present and prospective small town businesses.
- c. Research is examining the cost of public services in rural areas. The 1967 expenditures by all units of government in the J2 more rural idehn counties were 5252 per capita compared to 522) per capita expenditures in the 12 more urban counties. How ways of providing and financing public services in rural areas can help reduce this inequity.
- d. Rehabilitation of areas which have been denuded of desirable vegetation by fire, logsing, overgraving or other means requires considerable times money and labor. Research conducted in cooperation with the College of Forestry, Wildlife and Kange Sciences has resulted in the development of new and more efficient equipment for mechanically risnapleuting seedlings in such areas.
- e. A "Ceere Manual" for the selection of feedlot sites end land disposal of manure has been written. This rather comprehensive manual will prove invaluable to all egucerned ranchers and femores. New tederal and state environmental guidelines make the manual a most timely source of reference information.
- f. Organisms have been tenlated which have the capacity to fix stmospheric nitrogen in the root-some of wheat plants. This excomplishment could result in a tremendous saving in nitrogen fertilizer costs.
 - Research dealing, with biological control of weeds by insects has proved fruitful over the last year. A small soth flow eastern furgre has been released near provided in the control of spotted knapweed and has been released near thoseow. A fly, also from Europe, has been released on spotted knapweed in the Goodier area.
- h. Affactic measurch with innecte reveals that in big river systems under water movement controls innects do not colonies comes which are subject to chort term (datly) water fluctuations. It also, has been noted that substitute focks and cobble beyond two-thirds of the surface area is the pivital point beyond which indeet populations are dramatically reduced in fivers and atreams.
- The potato industry of like both in processing and freshysch operations must be able to stole pointons from one herenet albest to the dest in order to keep operating an a regular basis. A few years had a stole were stoped to keep operating an a regular basis. A few years had about ain of seven months, and maintaining has difficult. Today, through interestry of like oreserch programs of a torage, the design and operations in a brisge facilities have been interest eliment the rest to the point where high quality putasure can be available eliment the year round. This research has increased the number of jobs god the economy of the state to a layer where each Jollar invested in this research returned high to losso in 171 blace.

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- The dry edible been variety finto 114 developed and recently released by the University of Ideho violds approximately 3 hundredweight per acre more than the variety finto 111. This is because greater disease testatence to been common monate was incorporated. Yearly, between 15.000 to 10.000 acres of pinto hans for Ideho hans growers, from 100.000 to 150,000 hundredweight have of pinto hanse could be produced to Ideho. Seen at a price of \$10/hundredweight the increased groups income to Ideho hean growers would be between 1.0 and 1.5 atilines of deliate each year.
- 2. Due to failure of certain commercial vaccines to protect against vibrious abortico in sheep, tasks for efficacy for this receips have been conducted. There tasks are making completing and hopefully they can surve as model for other sections of sheep and cattle. If a vaccious is out to that home, a great dual of loss can signife from the false escurity of the postucer.

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The state typicestructural or tead was duried to develor a model of florida develor exercises value resulted to a morbidizing for extinating general successives which was prescribed to the state legislature in lessence, 1974. Funda was provided for light 177 to provide abutian foregrees.

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The fittal report of commands on high efficiency spins really has not been broken in a principal investigator was mostly to complete this print to the departure for subhatical leave. This will be reported in the next reporting vest.





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publicated of the contract transportation expends to

The forest utilitaation tracement program was started 1-122 years ago to bely increase the resource timing ricids in a list of recent lands while exist siming a common or tracement to other values and uses of these lands. So test resources any if nows as per control all tribute of establishments in the crute. Consenting which we say out for every of our control all programments. The friest information and their employees are not only to the larger of these, but also are fragerised to the furth around the and provide the man secure of the area of more experienced to the surplicement of the also.

Dimber thelp to harvested from forested latt every year to idaho ave equivalent to limber cash in fullding libits one homes-eaver ten per cash of the nation's summed assist, summercial forest lands here in idah have the present to provide at twice total rate, given adequate research and.

**Tresinfic or research results into extint programs.

It is a fact that much wood fibre is lost each year from forest laids, it each of it a theceta, disease, fire and over-mature timber is equal to the volume being narrossied. Passards can reduce the less end at the same time enhance and protest the environment and eliminate pollution created by butning of restincts left on the forest floor after commercial logs have been removed.

Assessed insults to into have from very promoting and potentially very profitable to limit. If it will, are a we dramples.

The Presentation of thinning Yeasibility enough was run to determine the economics of thinning young liens timber stands for increased growth and quality. Herever, precessercial thinning saidon is done because of high costs and because returns are not obtained dutil timber is harvested at the end of intation. The study showed that timber is harvested at the end of intation, the study showed that where once such thinnings were a cost (usually more than 580 for early, the thinned material can be utilized sed provide a value of up to 5137 for early. Into can seem, conservatively, a sevings of hetwest PIO,000,000 and 180,000,000 northern lishe woodland owners by the end of rotation. We believe additional eavings can be obtained in southern lishe also. Research breakthroughs like this don't come every year and the other studies may not yield such significant results—but the results will be significant.

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the while to althy here, there as high se providing injectes the uniform of a fall legs," friegolar log chunks and other date two logs which cannot now be injusted in sales. Last year near 1,100,700 with it split products were produced in Table to filly small reds mills. The study results, which will smoking that itself resting next nearest, are needed body by these small stills and can come a great deal to the solid weedland occur trying to sell trees products.

the largest fertilitiest, a arrive has down that white either twillite ration or infinite, produces greater values growth per acre, a combination of the two freatments is most fereiteful with growth increases up to fiftee cent. Considering fertilitieston about 60 only the most consistive attem, I have considering a 20 per cent forcease in growth which would have an added value of up to 520,000,000 annually. Even with increased fertilizer coats, they force industries are evoleding with plane to fertilize the cost productive aftem. The stress also called that with careful application techniques pollution:

The Characteristics of Forest Industries study is describing the nature of the state's forest industry—the distribution and tole in Idaho, present and especial flaw of timber and logging (wool) by-products under warrows levels of management and investment. This information to needed by the forest industries for planufing and investment purphase suit by state planufing agencies. This information will be published to a series of six reports.

can symmetry it, tortal instance study was resulted in a predictive model which provides the banis for decisions of level and investment of sleek treatment following logging operations, and insect and disease outbreaks. Even more important, this model will provide extinates of small stem raw wood material resources. The industry needs this information to make decisions argaining corabilatement and increased production to pulp and likes board processes with greater reliability needs before making large capital investment to expand daho's forest-based economy.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND COALS OF

UNIVERSITY OF IDARS (WAMI Medical Program)

The WAMI (E-shington, Alaska, Montana, Idaho) Program has been a federally-supported experimental medical education project. It is an ongoing Idaho program, offering full support of medical training of its student citizens. Federal support of the program is being phased out and state support phased in over a four-year period, with the state supporting the medical education of each group of students as they proceed through their training. At the end of four years, Idaho will be supporting a total of 30 medical students each year in medical school, including the 20 entering freshmen for which the University of Washington School of Medicine reserves positions each year.

The University Phase has 19 WAMI students assigned, 18 of them from Idaho. An academic year program of medical education has been established for them in concert with Washington State University, which has 20 WAMI students, making a medical class of 39 students in the University of Idaho-Washington State University conjoint medical education program.

Results to date indicate that the goals of the WAMI Redical Program are being accomplished. The goal of more medical student admissions has been reached with a 422 per cent increase in Idaho in terms of the number of residents admitted to the University of Washington School of Medicine before and after the advent of the WAMI program.

A second goal was to train an increased number of primary care physicians.

The WAMI program has succeeded in this as evidenced by the number of students selecting the family medicine pathway, with 54 per cent of the WAMI students choosing the family physician pathway as compared with 38 per cent of non-MAMI students. More than 95 per cent of these students retain their pathway selection at the time they select an internable and/or residency program.

A third goal was to take the tenources of the University of Washington Medical Center to the communities in WAMI states. During the 1974-75 academic year, over 1,400 health professionals received formal education from 26 University of Washington faculty visits to the Community Clinical Units (CCus). In addition, 1,000 individuals attended the circuit course (continuing medical education) which contacted three communities in Idaho and 17 communities in the entire WAMI territory.

A fourth goal was to institute the WAMI program without the use of new "bricks and mortar." This goal has been achieved by using the axisting facilities at universities and communities in the WAMI stirfs. It is necessary to add, however, that some renovations and changes had to be made at the University of Idaho in order to accessodate this program. It is equally certain that some renovations were necessary in other universities and WAMI CCUs to accommodate the many medical students taking their training there. A third CCU (family practice) will be established in Idaho by the spring of 1976.

A final and most important goal has been the placement of physicians in rural locations throughout the WAMI area. The majority (62 per cont) of the products of the Community Phase of WAMI (residents who rotated through the CCUs as a part of their residence training) have set up their practice in rural locations. The data, because of small sample size (20/32), is suggestive, but not conclusive.

The program appears to be meeting at least four of the five goals it set for itself, and the preliminary data strongly suggests that impact is being made relative to correction of the geographic maldistribution of physicians.



SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO (WSU Northwest College of Veterinary Medicine)

The 1974 Legislature approved and funded a proposal which provided for a gradual phasing out of Idaho participation as a "have not" sate in the WICHE Student Exchange program for veterinary medicine and the concurrent development and gradual phase-in of a regional College of Veterinary Medicine centered around Washington State University's existing College of Veterinary Medicine.

In order to accompodate the increased number of atudents, Washington State University will construct a \$14 million Pathobiology Building. Idaho's obligation to the program includes:

- (1) Providing and housing additional faculty members to teach and conduct research and service activities on the Moscow-Pullman campus. A \$519,000 addition to the Veterinary Science Building at Moscow to house and provide research facilities for these additional faculty members is scheduled for completion Jan. 1, 1975.
- (2) Building, equipping, staffing and operating a veterinary medical teaching hospital at Caldwell to provide clinical training in food animal medicine for fourth year professional students. Funding for construction of the hospital (\$1.1 million) was appropriated by the 1975 logislature.

In addition to fulfilling the teaching function, the Caldwell faculty and staff will fill a disease investigation and applied research and service role for Idaho's livestock industries.

Goals

- (1) Provide increased opportunity for education in vaterinary medicine for residents of Idaho
- (2) Increase the number of veterinarians serving the needs of Idaho
- (3) Reduce disease losses through a program of research, investigation and setvice

Accomplishments

The initial class of Idaho students has completed the first year of the professional curriculum (June '75). The group of Idaho students who make up the second entering class has been selected and will enter the first year of the professional curriculum in September, 1975.

- 64 - "

- (2) Programs of basic and applied research on important Idaho livestock problems which are in progress or are planned include:
 - (a) Meurological control of food and water intake.
 - Treatment and prevention of intexication resulting from intake of polsonous plants.
 - (c) Elucidation of the mechanisms of the carrier state and development of practical tests for detection of blustoness carrier animale.
 - (1) The role of viral agents in enteritia (secura) in lambs and calven*
 - (e) Studies of the immune response of cattle and sheep to the common liver fluke.
 - (f) Effect of internal paramities on the ability of sheep to respond immunologically to vaccines.*
 - (g) Biological and chemotherspeutic methods for the prevention, control and treatment of coccidionia of lambs.
 - Survey of causes of death and disease in sheep at the U. S. Sheep (h) Experiment Station.
 - (t) Filology, pathogenesis and control of Weak Call Syndra &
 - Diagnosis and vaccinal or immunological methods for control of tuberculosis of svine?
 - Investigation of the function of white blood cells in the immune response of cattle and theep to various infectious agents including Weak Calf Syndromes
 - *Remearch was in cooperation with the College of Agriculture.
- (3) An intermakin program in wheep diseases conducted at the U. S. Sheep Experiment Station at Dubois was conducted for senior students during the spring of 1975. In the spring of 1976 this internship will be continued and conducted concurrently with disease survey activities.
- A proposal for increasing cooperation in graduate programs in veterinary medicine between Washington State University and the University of Idaho has been developed and submitted for approval.
 - Principal features of the agreement include:
 - Matter of the equal exchange clause concerning joint listing of courses. This will give Idaho graduate students access to essentially all Washington State University graduate courses in voterinary medicine.
 - (b) Courses taken for graduate credit at the University of Idaho easy be transferred to Washington State University in fulfillment of all course requirements for the doctoral degree in veterinary actionce at Washington State University.
 - . (c) Members of the Idaho faculty of veterinary medicine may be elected to the graduate faculty at Washington State University.

STORTFIGHT COVERDEDUCES AND GOALS OF THE PERSON AND PROPERTY

IDARO STATE UNIVERSITY

Perhaps the mint significant singly event of the 1975 fiscal year at Idaho State University was the announcement by President William E. Davis in Mar that he was resigning to accept the presidency of the University of New Mexico. The State Buard of Education subsequently appetured he. Charles H. Magel, academic wise premident, to verve an acting premident during 1975-76 while a new chief executive is being sought. Dr. Lawrence N. Rice, dean of the braduate School, was named acting vice president.

There were beautiful they may a stand arother manage bining 1934-75. The 1974 tall semurter opened with new deans in two of 1980's academic colleges. Dr. Thomas A. Bond assignated br. Joseph A. hemsel as down of the Callege of Liberal Arts, and Dr. Paul D. Lotby replaced Dr. E.V. Minimum as dean of the College of Medical Arts, Dr. Mary Ellen Williams was appointed director of summer secutions, a post formerly held by Dr. bond in addition to min dution an participant liberal arts dean,

Appointments later in the year included by. Albert E. Wilson, dean of the newly-created School of Engineering, and Mo. Christine Maloney, $190[\sigma]_{\frac{1}{2}}$ first Aftirmative Action officer. Philip H. Zautman, business manager, was naged to replace Financial Vice Fresident William I. Barts when Mr. Barti rettres en Jan. 1, 1970.

' Enrollment of 182 during fiscal 1975 indicated there may be a datimite trend toward a teversal of the leveling off and alight decline experienced in the early 1970s, sith eigh ruch of the new growth is in vocational and part time students. The 1975 spring semester head count was 8.091, which was 612 more than the previous spring and 52 more than the 1974 fall samester. It was, in fact, the largest on-campus caroliment recorded to date for either the apring or fall terms and replacemented only the encond time in 150's history that spring corollmor exceeded the previous fall semmater figure.

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The streets V. Williams initiage intro was consisted and initiated in April, 1973. This building was funded from revenue books to the annual of ed \$750,000.

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maintained recattreel-technical education at a level adequate to meet the eras meads, the increasing demands of provincion growth and industrial development will require an excelerator rate of development.

- (1) High princity about he given to the development of Lewiserhlank State Cullege as the educational and cultural center of Lewiserh and the immuliate seas. Increasingly, the campus and incilities are heigh utilized by off-campus groups. During the past past provings and conferences have have held no campus by exencise of local and state greatment, community and state service organisations and other public groups. Over 30 such swortshops, seminate and conferences were conducted to serve the best need of the state citizenty. North Labo Children's Home, the Child Development Center, and slawer every school district in North Central Idaho have to distracted an interset and meed to utilize the resources and expertises on our campus.
- the forting the rest two years handlespeed paragus and apolor citizens have used the physical education and recreational facilities on campus a great deal. Our special education and physical education facilities have comperated in an attempt to meet the transmission meets of these two perticular groups. This program has rapidly developed to the point that a specialist is now needed to further develop and coordinate the activities.
- (5) Plane are being union to develop a reading and writing laboratory designed for persons interested to self improvement she tave detictancies in reading, writing, spelling, studying, and mathematics. This laboratory will provide the opportunity-amountains advectional development where the preparatory center in the vocational division casess. This is consistent with the philosophy of the college that all persons are capable of personal growth through educations) experiences.
- (d) The Children's Theatre Program and Tour should be expended. This endsever has proven to be very popular throughout the five-county stee. At the present time the tout, which is funded sottlely by a dract from the lideby Commission to Arts and Humanities, is achesoled during the Christman valetion period. Future place include the likelihood of increasing the tour, at least one each semester, and developing a summer program for studients interested in acquiring expertise in the area of Children's Theatre, Lewis-Clark State College has the potential to become the Northwest conterfor studiestimum training in this area.

(I) Music, art, and theatte nitivities will become increasing!

Important as Leviaton grows. As cultural activities become more important,
the responsibility of the college to provide expertise as well as leadership
in developing these activities will undoubtedly increase. The drama program
and the art program have created an excellent reputation and future development and expansion in these areas is presently being explored.

(b) Projections indicate that the criminal justice program, special solucation program and the business program will all prosper and develop in the next five years.

The criminal justice frogram will be a viable and popular program in the immediate future. Students may now complete the two-year associate of arts to law apportement or a four-year degree in criminal justice, with an option in either law enforcement or corrections.

The corrections option was notivated by discussion with, and recommendations from the Governor's Council on Criminal Justice, local law enforcement officers, and parsonnel from community againsts engaged to the currectional employment field. There is increasing recognition that prevention, rehabilitation and commeling are necessary to properly focus on the issue of crime and delinquoncy. Areas served by the corrections major include probation, parole, juvenile work and social work. The fessibility of designing and implementing an option to adequately prepare students for social work in tural areas is now under consideration.

Opportunities and responsibilities to the area of special education continue to increase. Therefore, but importantly program should grow as we attempt to meet the tremendous needs in this area. Experts in the field of special education feel the demand for special education teachers will increase each for years to come. In addition to the standard course work, Lewis-Clark State College bis so obligation end plans to provide in-mervice experiences for the appropriate suployees of the area echool districts.

Student interest in the eres of business is increasing and our projections are that the confidency of this eres will continue to grow. Job opportunities, the industrial management technology program, the University of Adaho MAA in Lewiston, and the increasing needs of local business managers for assistance with in-vervice training, will all stimulate interest in our business program.

(9) Geographical location, abundant recreational opportunities and facilities, and excellent weather should make Leviston a prime attraction for tourists and summer visitors. Therefore, a variety of workshops and special learning experiences attructured to appeal to this group are under consideration.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Coals and Objectives of Vocational Education

During FY 1975, the goal of Idaho Vocational Education was to make quality vocational education programs available to all people in the communities of the state who wanted and needed it for preparation for employment in occupations which do not require a college degree.

The objectives for the fiscal year were to provide leadership in planning and improving vecational programs; provide professional development for vocational personnel; and to increase vocational program offerings and enrollments at all levels of education in the occupational fields of agriculture, distributive, bealth, consumer/housesaking, home economics related, office occupations, trades and industrial, and technical education. Significant accomplishments were reslited in general objectives during the year. The following Tables I and II contains a summary of projected objectives and accomplishments for fiscal years 1974 and 1975 for comparison.

TABLE 1
Programs, Teachers, Enrollments, Completions - Projected and Actual
for
1974 Yiead Year

Level.of Vocational Programs	Sumber of Programs		Number of Teachers		Mumber Envolled	
	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual
Secondary	. 360	374	490	503	26,912	28,584
Post Secondary	145	111	244	257	4,600	4,275
Adult	511 -	565	224	219	7,850	ु7,690≈
Special Programa			-		è	
Disadvantaged	(36)	(26)	(45)	(77)	(1,305).	(1,997)
Handfcapped	(15)	(13)	(20)	(24)	(300)	(376)
Cooperative, Part C	(25)	(27)	(30)	(29)	(710)	(918)
Exosplary, Part D	NA.	(6)	(10)	(5)'	(800)	(',04)
Exemplary, Part D			!		ļ	789**
Research, Part C	NA I	(4)5	NA	(7)	HA	(164)

⁽⁾ Hemo only a figure is included in other figures

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Includes Homemaking Useful (13,691 secondary and 1,308 adult)

^{*} Elementary

TABLE II
Programs, Teachers Enrollments, Completions - Projected and Actual for

	Number of	Programa	Number of	Teachers	Number En	
evel of Vocational Programs	Projected		Projected		Projected	Actual
	403	414	529	539	28,749	29,297
Secondary	130	118	289	267	4,419	4,509
Postsscoodsry Adult	480	614	278	245	8,740	8,355
Special Programa Disadvantaged Handicapped Cooperative, Part C Exemplary, Part D Exemplary, Part D Rassarch, Part C	(36) (15)	(23) (12) (31) (10) 2	(60) (25) (28) (10)	72 (27) (33) (12) 15	(1,549) (546) (800) 200	(1,649) (362) (807) (488) 1,766**

- () Hemo only figure is included in other figures
- Includes Homemaking Useful (14,389 Secondary, and 1,405 Adult)

ACCOMPLISIBUENTS Secondary Level

Enrollments in high school vocational programs increased from 28,584 in 1974 to 79,297 in 1975. Forty-seven and six-tenths (47.6) per cent of all . students in grades 9-12 enrolled in some kind of vocational education program in 104 of 106 high school operating districts. Students spent from 25 - 33 per cent of their total school time in vocational classes. Of the total number of students completing high school vocational programs in 1974, 47 per cent were available for amployment and 82 per cent entered employment in the field trained or in a closely related field. Follow-up data for FY '75 atudents will not be complete until April of 1976.

Postsscondary Level

Vocational postsecondary progress were offered in six area vocationaltechnical schools at Boise State University, College of Southern Idaho, Eastern Idaho Vocational-Technical School, Idaho State University, Lewis-Clark State College and North Idaho College.

Enrollments in postsecondary programs increased from 4,275 in 1974 to 4,509 in 1975.

Approximately 11 per cent of the total number of atudents enrolled in . higher education were expolled in vocational education.

It is estimated that the area vocational-technical schools were able to enroll less than half the number of potential students because of lack of facilities, equipment and staff.



Six area vocational-technical achools are geographically located in the state to make vocational education as accessible as possible to the people who want and need vocational education at the postsecondary, adult, and, to some extent, the secondary level of instruction.

Guidance programs, occupational information and experimentation programs are being improved and expanded.

Local occupational advisory committees function and contribute much to the development, improvement and evaluation of vocational programs.

Every public supported college and university in the state has a designated area vucational-technical education school and/or a vocational teacher and counselor education program as a part of its educational offerings.

Close working relationships and cooperation between vocational teachers, local school administrative staffs, area vocational technical schools, vocational teacher-counselor educators, various agencies, and the State Vocational Education Staff contribute to the strength of Idaho*s vocational program.

Cooperative efforts of school districts are making more vocational education programs available to students.

Unmet Needs and Problems of the State Program

Financial needs for full program development have not been met.

Need for advanced federal funding of vocational education has not an met.

Hore timely and adequate employment and jeb opportunity data are needed for program planning and operation.

Systems of identification and referral of disadventaged and handicapped into vocational education need improvement.

More resources and effort must be expended in developing and keeping curriculum current to needs.

The vocational needs of many atudents in ideho's small schools are not being fully mer because of insufficient enrollments and finances to support a varied vocational program that would meet the individual interests and reads of the student.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

EASTERN IDAHO VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL SCHOOL

Epitern Idaho Vocational-Technical School is a state-funded posteccondary vocational-technical school serving primarily College District VI and, secondly, all individuals who need and can profit from vocational or technical training.

The curriculum in several areas was modified during the year to meet varied objectives. The merket management program was restructured for modular intruction. The automotive technology program, formarly called auto mechanics, was restructured to decrease customer work to 20 pc; cent per year of the live work, stabilize enrollment to 30-40 attedents in the fiscal year, and decrease early terminations and dropouts to less than 20 per cent. Options in nuclear technology were increased to three areas and enrollment increased to 12-15 students per instructor. The consumer electronics program reduced customer service work to 20 per cent of student projects, while the scope of the electronics industry serviced by the program was expanded.

As part of a budget revision, each program had an individual budget and personal budget record prior to Jan. 1, 1975. All programs will have lime item budgets for Fiscal Year 1977.

The completion of Phases II and III of the Mechanical Technologies Building allowed for consolidation in modern facilities, and the growth and potential of Eastern Idaho Vocational-Technical School indicate additional facilities are required. Plans are being formulated to gain funding for a parking lot by July 1, 1976. The Economic Development Administration has been contacted, and there is the possibility of a \$1.2 million match for a new facility from the EDA's money. An effort will be made to obtain the \$1.2 million match from the Idaho Legislature.

Additional programs were operated on the open entry-exit achedule.

Students exit from programs when they reach the desired occupational competency required for the job they seek. New students are enrolled as vacancies become available.

Hore programs were adapted to the cleven month schedule to utilize facilities, equipment and staff to the maximum, to increase the number of students accommodated, and to enable the student to enter the full-time labor market a year earlier.

Adult Level

There was a 665 increase in the total number of adults enrolled in adult extension programs. Enrollments were 7,690 in 1974 and 8,355 in 1975. The number of programs increased from 565 in 1974 to 614 in 1975, and the average langua of adult programs increased.

Disadvantaged

The number of disadvantaged people enrolled in vocational programs decreased from 1,997 in 1974 to 1,649 in 1975.

Handicapped

The number of handicapped people enrolled in vocational programs increased slightly from 358 in 1974 to 362 in 1975.

Ancillary Services

One new vocational aducation staff position, State Supervisor for Planning, was filled.

An evaluation of vocational programs was made by supervisors on at-

Professional development and teacher training conferences, workshops and summer session were provided for vocational teachers. Over 700 vocational educators attended the one week in-service conference at I.S.U. in June 1975. Other programs included a workshop for cooperative education coordinators, a summer session for 36 E.P.D.A. fellows, three workshops for office occupations teachers, a workshop for agriculture teachers in gardening, a health orientation workshop, and a trades and industrial workshop to develop performance objectives.

Continuation of an occupational information developmental project was funded from federal remarch funds to develop a VIEW (Vital Information for Education and Work) a rem for Idaho. Micro-film cards were developed to give



students in grades 9-12 information on 300 of the most common non-professional occupations in Idaho. Distribution of aicro-film cards and micro-film readers was made to all public high schools in the state.

Cooperative Education

Programs are funded by federal funds. Six new programs were funded.

Encoliments in cooperative education programs were 828 in 1974 and 807
in 1975.

Work-Study

Work-study is totally fromtal funded to help needy atudents enter or remain in vocational education by providing them an opportunity to mare soney. Forty-two atudents benefited from the work-study program. Twenty-one were such school students and 21 were postsecondary students.

Comprehensive Employment Training Act Institutional Programs

The Federal Comprehensive imployment Act of 1973, as amended in 1974, replaced the Federal Manpower Development Training Act (FL 93-567).

CETA funds were used to provide vocational training for the unemployed and under-employed to prepare them for employment or for advancement in occupations of their choice.

Training was provided through group projects or through referral of "individuals into on-going vocational aducation programs in public or private achools.

CETA supported projects enrolled 183 individual referrals in on-going vocational education programs and 72 persons in five instructional group programs.

Training allowances and subsistence for trainess was paid by the Department of Employment. Instructional coats were paid through vocational education.

Strengths of the State Program

Idabo is fortunate to have all education in the State of Idaho administered by one board which serves ar a State Board of Education.

Board of Regents of the University of Idaho, Trusters of Boiss State

College, Trusters of Idaho State University, Trusters of Levis-Clark State.

College, and State Board for Vocational Education.

future plans and goals include: "

-- an increase in f tograms before July 1, 1976, to bring the total of full-time programs to 15.

**completion of a staff evaluation and of the staff's evaluation of administration.

reconsect by the school's director with all ochool superintendents in tollege district VI before June 20, 1936, and contact with each legislator in the district, either perionally or by mail, before Jag. 1, 1976.

-assumption of one major school improvement project by the Student Council by July 1, 1976.

-- and creation of a School Scholarante Committee to increase acholarantes.

It is anticipated total student entellment will time to 500 by July 1, 1916. β

SECRETICAL DEVILOPMENTS AND GOALS OF

IDANO VOCATIONAL AZHABILITATION SENSICE

Idaho Pocational Rahabilitation in PT-1975 fest the full affects of the implementation of the Rahabilitation act of 1971. The act directed special emphasis on services to these individuals with the most server handicaps.

The major effort in idaho during the fiscal year was to provide services to a larger number of severally distinct people who imputed unitiple services over extended particula of time. Total agency rehabilitations during PT-1975 were 1,387, with 10,361 individuals entired. Rehabilitations in PT-1974 were 1,395. A decrease in the number of rehabilitations in PT-1975 vas sociotysted, and follows the national transfer of fower rehabilitations and more involvement with severally disabled clients. In PT-1975, Idaho TR rehabilitations the forest rehabilitations and to the forest rehabilitations are respected as the forest rehabilitations are respected to the forest rehabilitations are respected to the forest rehabilitations are respected to the forest rehabilitations and respected to the forest rehabilitations are respected to the forest rehabilitations are represented to the forest rehabilitations are represented to the forest rehabilitations are respected.

The Rababilitation Act of 1973 attracted before services be provided to the deaf community. Thirtigh the cooperation of idea of, a new concept to deaf learning was established at the College of Southern Idaho in Twin Palla. The new project provides services to the deaf, herd of hearing and other disabled initiations. With a new approach in aforetion for the deaf. Rester wideo takes are recorded with sound, captions, a sign language interpreter and an instructor who appears for both second and the reading purposes. Sortering of classroom presentations is being accomplished with a soul of the wideo take presentations aspected. For all of the presentations, a written portion is provided. It is a complete package for a total educational program for the deaf. Sincery par cook of the entire program is asymmeted to be completed for the paginning of classes in the fall. With this new importative program, Idaho is cruty one of the leaders in the nation in the source of the state of the matter in the state program.

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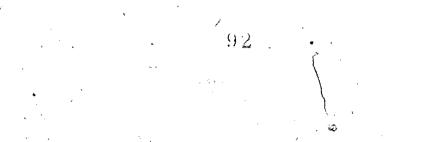
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TITLE

Second Annual Report of the State Board of Education and Board of Regents of the University of Idaho for Fiscal 1975.

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Idaho State Board of Education, Boise.

109p. · AVAILABLE ,FROM

State Board of Education, 614 West State Street, Annex #2, Boise, Idaho 83720

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF-\$0.83 HC-\$6.01 Plus Postage. *Annual Reports; Blind; Deaf; Grants; *Handicapped Students; *Higher Education; Income; Libraries; State Colleges; *State Programs; State Universities; Statistical Data; *Vocational Education; *Vocational Rehabilitation\

IDENTIFIERS_

*Idaho; University of Idaho

ABSTRACT ~

The second Annual Report of the State Board of Education, covering the year July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975, reflects the first full year of operation under the expanded supervisory responsibilities given the board by the 1974 governmental reorganization. Reports are included for the Office of the State Board of Education, State Department of Education, University of Idaho, Idaho State University, Boise State University, Lewis-Clark State College, vocational education, Eastern Idaho Vocational-Technical School, vocational rehabilitation, State School for the Deaf and the Blind, State Library, State Historical Society, Idaho Pioneer Association, College of Southern Idaho, and North Idaho College. Basic financial information and narratives outlining the year's accomplishments are included in this report. Specific areas covered include: principal administrative officers; number of employee positions; organizational chart; legal references; duties and responsibilities; aid and grant programs; income by source; expenditures by major class code; major policy adoptions; new program responsibilities; and significant developments and goals of institutions and divisions, (LBH) /

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Board of Regents of the University of Idaho-



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Agricultural Research
Cooperative Extension Services
Short Term, Applied Fiesearch
Forest Utilization Research
WAMI Regional Medical Program
WSU Northwest College of Veterinary
Idaho State University
Boise State University
Lewis Clark State College

Boise State University
Lewis-Clark State College
Vocational Education
Eastern Idaho Vocational-Technical School
Vocational Rehabilitation
State School for the Deaf and the Blind
State Library
State Historical Society
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College of Southern Idaho
North Idaho College

FOR FISCAL 1975 Boise, Idaho

STATE OF IDAHO STATE BOARD & EDUCATION

Phone: (208) 384-2276



614 West State Street, Annex 12 Boise, Idahe 83720

To the Covernor

and

The Legislature of the State of Idano:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 67-2509, Idaho Code, I am, pleased to submit the second Annual Report of the State Board of Education. The report covers the year July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975, and reflects the first full year of operation under the expanded supervisory responsitives given the board by the 1974 governmental reorganization. More detailed information is available upon request from the board's administrative office, but basic financial information and narratives outlining the year's accomplishments are included in this report.

Respectfully submitted?

Janet Hay President, State Board of Education

Boise, Idaho December 1, 1975

OBoard of Regents: University of Idaho
Board of Trustees: Idaho State University
Bolas State University
Levis-Clark State College
State Postsecondary Commission
Office of the ittle Boar of Education
State Department of Education

tate Board for: Vecational Education
Vecational Rehabilitation
Public Schools
School for the Deaf and Blind
State Library
Utate Historical Society



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STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

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BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR IDAHO STATE UNIVERSITY
BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR BOISE STATE UNIVERSITY
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STATE BOARD FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION
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STATE POSTSECONDARY PLANNING COMMISSION

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Edward L. Benoit, Secretary	Twin Falls 🥎	3/1/77
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J. Clint Hoopes	Rexburg	3/1/80 3
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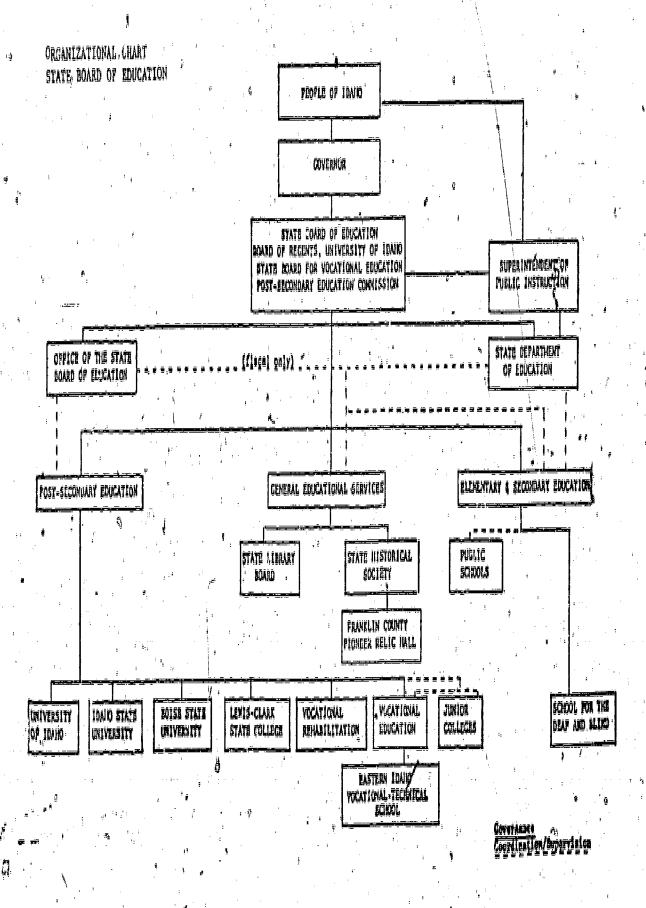
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

State Department of Education
Office of the State Board of Education
University of Idaho
Idaho State University
Boise State University
Levis-Clark State College
Vocational Education
Eastern Idaho Vocational Technical School
Vocational Rehabilitation
State School for the Deaf and the Blind
State Library
State Historical Society
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College of Southern Idaho
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Helen M. Miller
Arthur A. Hart
Mario Woodward
James L. Taylor
Barry G. Schuler

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ERIC

FOREWORD

The State Board of Education and Board of Regents of the University of Idaho has responsibility for all educational activities participated in-by the citizens of Idaho.

Fiscal year 1975 marked the first year of operation under the governmental reorganization approved by the legislature in 1974. The board has the immediate governance of the State Department of Education, the four state senior institutions of higher education, the State School for the Deaf and the Blind, Vocational Education, the Eastern Idaho Vocational-Technical School, Vocational Rehabilitation and the Office of the State Board of Education; responsibility for the State Library, the State Historical Society, and the Idaho Pioneer Association; and the general supervision, government, and control of the public school system and of the College of Southern.

Idaho and North Idaho College. Functions of the board are administered through the Office of the State Board of Education.

Detailed information concerning the various institutions and agencies under the board's governance is being furnished to the necessary state agencies. Such information is not included in this report except to make clear the scope of activities for which the board is responsible. Additional detail concerning the institutions or agencies is available from the institutions or agencies or from the Office of the State Board of Education upon request.



Article IX, Section 2, of the Idaho State Constitution establishes the State Board of Education, the membership, the powers, and the duties to be prescribed by law.

Title 33, Idaho Code, sets forth statutes giving authority and direction to the State Board of Education and to the institutions and agencies under the governance and control of the board.

Title 67, Idaho Code, is concerned with matters of classified personnel and reporting procedures. The board and its various institutions and agencies comply with all personnel portions of this title.

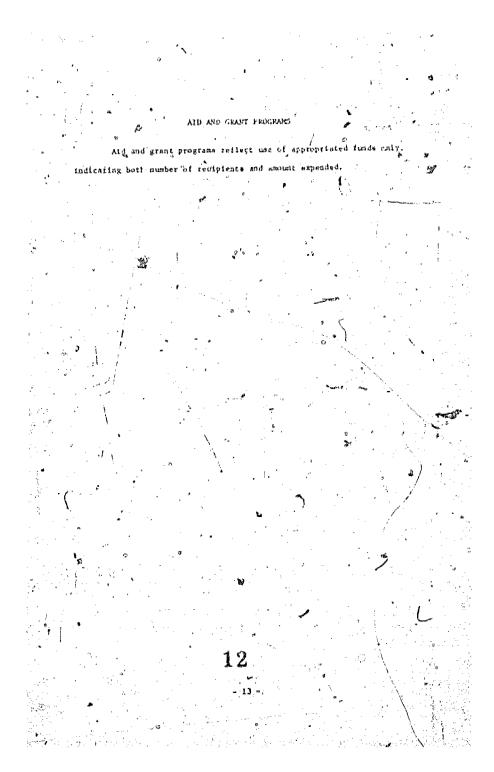
DUTIES AND PESPONSIBILITIES

The State Board of Education has "the general supervision of the state education institutions and public school system of the State of Idaho ... " (Article IX, Spe. 2, Constitution). It has the power to perform all duties prescribed for it by the school laws of Idaha; acquire, hold and dispose of title, rights and interests in real or personal property; supervise all entitles of public education supported in whole or in part by scare funds; delegate power to carry out its policies; enforce school laws; and recommend to the legislature any needed changes in law or additional legislation (Sec. 31-107, Idaho Code). The state board is the educational agency authorized to negotiate and contract with the fideral government, and to accept financial or other assistance from the federal government (Sec. 33-110, I.C.). The state board shall submit a bigget for each educational institution under its control, and direct and control appropriated funds (Sec. 13-111, L.C.); approve alteration or construction plans at the educational institutions under its control (Sec. 33-112; T.C.); supervise and control cartification of professional education personnel (Sec. 33-114, 1.C.); keep a register of persons qualified to teach in Idaho (Sec. 33-115, I.C.); submit a budget for the foundation program of public school districts (Sec. 33-117, I.C.); establiindards for secondary school accreditation (Sec. 33-119, I.C.); and help prepare courses of atudy for prisoners at the Idaho State Penitentiary (Sec. 33-123, 1.C.). The board is authorized to define limits of all imperuotion in educational institutions under its control (Sec. 33-113, I.C.). The board is the stafe Postsocondary Planning Commission (executive order).

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	alaty Programs	
, Ma Add	Fluery 1974	Piecal 1975 No: Amount
CHILDERSTTY OF LIDARO	Nor. Amount C	
(Great af Education) College Nork Study Program	·161 14,623	262 21.440
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Gradunts Followships TOTAL	3 344 619,683 (5) 4,7803 706,849	164 537,794 2,176 924,160
iniversity of indo (Agricultural Respect)		May y
Institutional Employment	138 90,000 (ast.)	96 , 62,380 35, 104,869
Creduate Assistants TOTAL	_171 192.786	131 167,449
(Cooperative Extension Service)		y, 9,873 °.
instigutional Employment TOTAL	20, 14'000 (**r.),,	. 15 - 9,873
(Short Term applied Research)		
Institutional Captoysetts Graduate Assistants	9 24.104	5 2.717 8.5 25.708
TOTAL	8 21,104	11.5 27.72
(Forest Utilization Research)		10, 4,601mc=
institutional faployment Graduate Assistants		9,597
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TOTAL 1910	6 20,160	14,200
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		Fiecal No. L	1974 Amount	. Flaca No	1 1975 . Amount	
	ENTVERSITY OF LDANO (WART Hedical Education)					
	Inatiturional Explorment			1	sô.	
	TOTAL	$^{\prime\prime}$		1 .	50 gill	W.
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	MAILVERSITY OF IDAHO (WSU Northwest College of					
	Vetarinary Medicine)	\mathcal{L}		ing and the second	*	1 - 1 (1) 1 - 1 (1)
	Institutional Employment	7		6	2,698	
i Maria Maria	Graduata Adeletante		•	6.5	/1,361°. 4,059	
	TOTAL		$= \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} dh_{k,m}$	A. A.		600
	IDAHO STATE INIVERSITY			1		
	College Work Study Progres .	627	.71,072	578	73,163	
	National Direct Student Loans	526	23,835	439	19,552	
	Institutional Employment	276	193,115	° ∦ 326	252,617	
•	Craduate Fellowships	32	83,200	32 k	102,400	107
X34	Graduate Assistants	81	228.940	84	282,080	
lis er de Pay Sur a Silkar ace	Health Profession Loans	67	6,000	56	6,000	
	Nursing Loans	A 44 Rail	2,636	25	2,337	
	TOTAL.	1,653	608,798	1,540	738,149.	
# (10)	BOISE STATE UNIVERSITY		33	in the second of		
All Add	College Work Study Program	423	48,531	443	41,500	
	Sational Direct Student Loans .	569	21,103	393	16,074	
	Institutional Employment	151 🤻	95,327	304	108,928 ,	
	TOTAL.	1,143	164,961	1,140	166,502	
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	PROGRAMS	

	AID AND GRANT	PROGRAMS	(cont.)			
		Fiscal No.	1974 Amount	Fisca No.	1 1975 Amount	
	LEWIS-CLARK STATE COLLEGE			***		
~	College Work Study Program	27	2,318	38	4,245	
	National Direct Student Loans	146	5,613	135	234	ر مد
	Institutional Employment	80	36,800	48	26,064	· * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	Nursing Loans * 6	18.	913	20	947	
	TOTAL	2/1	45,644 g =	241	31,490	All so
	EASTERN IDAHO VOCATIONAL- TECHNICAL SCHOOL	$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{I^{2}}$, å.		t de delet. Portugalent Portugalent
	College Work Study Program	1	704	1 1	697	ji jar
		1	704	1	697	11 a 12 a
, ,	TOTAL					
	STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF		ស	1	1	
	AND THE BLIND	. • .*	54,838		124,482	
i de la companya de l	Fund 350 Federal		54,838	-	124,482	
	TOTAL		7		ø	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	COLLEGE OF SOUTHERN IDAHO	A		٠. ,		
- The second	College Work Study Program	219	35,104	249	35,174	. 7
er er	National Direct Student Loans	274.	9,699	272	9,563	
	TOTAL	493	44,803 *	\(\z\)_{31}	44.737)
	NORTH IDAHO COLLECE				a de la gra	
	College Work Study Program	56	3,887	. 97	11,148	
1	National Direct Student Loans	67	1,959	90	2,850	ازداده مستون نسست
to to the terms of	Institutional Employment	~ 12	2,237	115	4,668	
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	TOTAL	156	B 898	217	19,542	
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ACCOUNTING SECTION

INCOME BY SOURCE

EXPENDITURES BY HAJOR CLASS CODE

The "Summary of Income" section included in the first Annual Report for Fiscal Year 1974 was eliminated this year because it duplicated information found in greater detail in the "Income by Source" section. The "Income by Source" aection lists all available revenues, including beginning encumbrances or beginning cash balances or both when the two can be separated. The "Expenditures by Major Class Code" section lists the uses made of those funds, including, where possible, reversions of funds at the end of the fiscal year.

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INCOME BY	SOURCE'	
OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 19/5
Beginning Encumbrances	1,134	2,673
General Fund	1,029,344	1,057,932
Student Pees and Tuition	204,297	
Federal	264,055	225,629
Miscellaneous	48,384	8,825
TOTAL	1,547,714	1,295,059

STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1
Beginning Cash Balance	988,372	877,968
Beginning Encumbrances	604,456	461,447
General Fund	853,700	1,001,306
Pederal .	- 11,404,389	11,884,150
Miscellaneous	. 1,039,643	1,454,470
TOTAL	14,890,560	15,679,341
TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF		
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO (General Education	And the second s	
Unencumbered Balance	214,161.66	12,437.15
Beginning Encumbrances	414,840.97	721,307.71
General Pund	13,185,526.00	15,872,256.00
State Endowments	1,185,322.29	1,423,600.00
Student Fees and Tuition	1,468,684.00	1,381,685.56
Federal	204,935.00	204,845.00
Pees and Sales/	50,716.02	37,829.42
Miscellaneous 6	282,417.49	273,806.11
TOTAL	17,006,603.43	19,927,766.95
	40	
- 18		
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INCOME BY SOURCE (cont.)	
	A Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
UNIVERSITY-OF IDAHO (Agricultural Research)	en e	
Unencumbered Balance	55,494.15	49.753.48
	161,893.14	156,125.77
Buginning Encumbrances		2,485,473.00
General Fund	1,878,600.00	
Federal	841,159.00	923,931.34
Sale of Goods	172,981.46	188,185.93
Miacellaneous	50,553.93	
TOTAL	3,160,681.68	3,863.469.52
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO		
(Cooperative Extension Service)		
Unencumbered Balance	94,029.24	160,052.10
- Beginning Encumbrances	43,957.24	85,082.91
General Fund	1,200,000.00	1,576,039.00
Federal	1,382,355.53	1,541,862.10 • " //
Miscellaneous	57,770.50 °	64,818.33
TOTAL	2,778,112.51	3,427,854.44
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO		
*(Short Term Applied Research)	(1.824.35)	1,344.43
Unencumbered Balance	7,3	856.74
Beginning Encumbrances	2,281.48	
General Kund	50,000.00	75,000.00
TOTAL	50,457.13	77,201.17
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO	A second of the	
(Forest Utilization Research)		
Unencumbered Balance		f 626.18
Beginning Encumbrances	A	958.83
General Fund	75,000.00	75,000.00
TOTAL	75,000.00	76,585.01
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO (WAMI Medical Education)		
	·	89,100.00
General, Fund		89,100.00
TOTAL		
15		
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	INCOME BY SOURCE (c	one.)	
		Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
	UNIVERSITY OF EDAHO (WSD, Northwest College of Veterinary Medicine)		
	General Fund	===	135,000.00
	Student Fees and Tuition		3,468.00
	TOTAL		138,168.00
	IDAHO STATE UNIVERSITY	•	
	Beginning Eucumbrances	809,415	822,788
arioteka Majoria	and the second of the second o	9,545,728	11,608,236
	General Fund	5 <u>13,132</u>	458,689
	State Endowments	679,331	701,607
	Student Fees and Tuition	2,067,412	2,274,595
	Miscellaneous	13,615,018	15,865,915
	TOTAL	ė	
	BOISE STATE UNIVERSITY		
	Beginning Encumbrances	372,455	402/969
	General Fund	8,002,232	9,625,747
	Student Fees and Tuition	648,704	780,506
	Miscellaneous	974,215	1,021,457
	TOTAL	9,997,626	11,830,679
	A Secretary of the second		
	LEWIS-CLARK STATE COLLEGE	47,069	9,5912
	Beginning Encumbrances	1,064,389	1,324,974
	General Fund	300.558	538,912
	State Endowments	104,235	107,497
A.S. A.	Student Fees and Tuition	(12,514)1	r ' 53,601
	Federal	7,309	7,842
	Miscellaneous	1,511,046	2,042,417
	TOTAL	hence of \$1	7.514 which Was
	1\$5,000 received in FY'74, less begin reported as received in FY'73. Adju	siment necessary to av	oid double counting.

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	INCOME BY SOURCE	(cont.)	
(4) 1 .√ (1)		Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
VOCA:	IONAL EDUCATION		
'Begi	ming Encumbrances	2,529,336	2,856,211
Gene	al Fund	4,900,000	5,967,019
Fede	al	3,084,674	3,140,584
	YTAT.	10,514,010	11,963,814
	RN IDAHO VOCATIONAL-		
Begi	ning Encumbrances	5,064.64	28,613.02
. Gene	ral Fund	346,387.00	411,598.00
Stud	ent Fees and Tuition	37,920.75	43,855.87
Fede		24,655.88	74,860.31
Mide	ellaneous		2,516.00
	TAL	414,028.27	561,443.20
VOCA	CIONAL REHABILITATION		
Begi	nning Encumbrances	1,080,152	1,173,180
Gene	ral Fund	613,000	655,400
Fedo	ral .	3,823,446	4,225,262*
Thir	d Party Cash	20,000	26,794
ī	OTAL THE STATE OF	5,336,598	6,070,636
	E SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF		
Begi	aning Knoumbrances	N7514.44	24,411.28
4.5	ral Fund	965,354.21	1,219,888.32
	a Endowments	9,599.94	11,400.00
Fade		165,165.28	275,654.60
يرفو الأراب الراب	ellaneous-Receipts to		
Appr	opriations	10,786.21	14,550.00
•	OTAL	1,155,420.08	1,545,904.20
			0.4
	e Library	52,700	79,000
화장 이 없는	nning Encumbrances		461,000
	ral Fund	282,300	675,700
Yede	e de la companya de 🗸 de la companya de la company	329,400	
Him	ellaneous	20 3,500	5,900
	CTAL	4 U - 667,900	1,221,600
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TRUCOME	ηv	SOURCE	(cont.)

INCOME BY SOURCE	(cont.)	
	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
IDAHO HISTORICAL SOCIETY*		9,500
Beginning Encumbrances	3,100	254,600
General Fund	164,400	135,900
Federal	147,800	
Foes and Memberships	11,000	16,100 15,200
Sale of Goods	11,800/	2,900
Interest	1,700	
Miscellaneous	4,100	21,400
TOTAL	343,900	455,600
COLLEGE OF SOUTHERN IDAHO		
General Fund	g 1,049,700	1,204,000
Vocational	/ 710,900	808,000
Student Fees and Tuition	284,000	302,000
Federal	/ 366,200	384,400
Liquor Funds	110,500	- 121,000 °
County Taxes	426,400	. 585,000
Fees and Sales	/ -	60,700
Interest	10,600	27,600
Miscellaneous	-18,700	55,200
TOTAL	3,027,000	.3,547,900
NORTH IDAHO COLLEGE		1,507,415
General Fund	1,136,918	
Student Yees and Tuition	438,409	. 539,085
Yederal	48,607	66,403
County	420,427	.523,621
Sales Taxes	29,592	36,341
Other Taxes	74,960	74,960 58,520
Fees and Sales	46,906	367,923
• Sale of Goods/	. 284,543	48,920
Interest	28,764	in in the second of the second
Miscellaneous	11,284	21,258
TOTAL	2,520,410	3,184,446
*Includes Idaho Pioneer Association	21	
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EXPENDITURES BY MAJOR CLA	SS CODE	
OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF	Fiscal 1974	Piscal 1975
EDUCATION		
Salaries and Wages	. 366,983	192,488
Personnel Benefits	. 31,424	30,488
Travel	42,001	33,292
Professional Services	17,794	39,727
Other Servicés	19,216	14,558
Communications	14,745	12,259
Materiala and Supplies	8,130	4,824
Rentals;	27,243	12,943
Repairs and Maintenance	* 751	830
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	42,787	2,395
Equipment	1,252	592
Payments as Agent	944,840	944,928
TOTAL	1,517,166	1,289,324
Ending Encumbrances	6,257	5,735
Other	24,291	
GRAND TOTAL	1,547,714	1,295,059
		180
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Q		Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 197
	STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
	Salaries and Wages	1,723,046	1,315,36
	Personnel Benefits	192,815	214,6
	Travel	137,847	162,3
	Professional Services	93,528	81,60
	Other Services	205,612	248,04
	Communications	62,135	65,72
	Materials and Supplies	70,307	64,8
ada	Repairs and Maintenance	8,839	8,3
	Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	11,181	22,1
	Rentals	237,786	204,6
	Equipment	16,831	19,0
	Payments as Agent	10,717,459	10,992,3
Э	TOTAL	13,477,386	13,399,1
	Ending Encumbrances	461,447	659,0
	Unencumbered Balance	951,727*	1,621,1
	GRAND TOTAL	.14:890,560	15,679,3
	Free fund cash balance plus unexpended ge		
	fight rade con personal base answhamman 6-		

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	Fiscal 1974	Piscal 1975/
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO General Education		
Salaries and Wages	11,406,084.26	12,764,913.97
Personnel Benefits	1,085,910.03	1,878,855:37
Travel	240,699.56	. 275,077.50
Professional Services	.68,480.36	54,401.24
Other Services	939,30	9 508,032.91
Communications	226,630.04	261,633.71
-Utiliteles	541,113.18	679,315.59
Materials and Supplies	468,468.59	1 522,959.31
Reparts and Maintenance	530,808.82	620,624.83
Rentale	106,587.66	26,368.62
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	83,083.26.	88,175.07
Land, Structures and Improvement	403,358.73	, 635,409.31
Equipment	711,404.94	1,121,101.58
TOTAL	16,262,568.73	19,436,869.01
Ending Encumbrances	721,307.71	444,998.96
Unencumbared Balance	12,437.15	42,141.91
Reversion Amount	10,289,84	3,757.07
GRAND TOTAL	17,006,603,43	19,927,766.95
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EXPENDITURES BY MAJOR CLASS CO	DE (conc.)	
	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO .	1	
Agricultural Research	2,036,090,49	2,207,791.60
Salaries and Wages		284,211.30
Personnel Benefits	166,452.34	
Trave	70,704.58	93,455.23
Professional Services	5,300.72	527.00
Other Services	65,652.32	56,588.31
Comminications	32,242.07	39,879.26
VEILTIGE	29,311.10	39,622.22
Magerials and Supplies	264,502.38	`° -017,237.62
Repairs and Maintenance	57,395.10	88,484.84
	2,535.94	8,124.93
Rentals	5,194.37	4,063.46
Miscellaneous Operating Expanses	42,802,34	71,125.357
Land, Structures and Improvement	176,261.84	252,396.43
Equipment		3,463,507.55
TOTAL	2,954,445.59	288,619,23
Ending Entumbrances	J56,125.77 "	
Unencumbered Balance	49,753.48	- 51,309,65
Reversion Amount	356.84	42.09
GRAND TOTAL	3,160,681.68	3,803,469.32
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EXPENDITURES BY MAJORICIASS OF	OUE (cont B)	
UNIVERSATTY OF IDABO	Fiscal 1974	71mcal 1975
Cooperative Extension Service Seleries and Wages	2,054,535.12	_2,364,429,73
Paragonal Benefits	142,351.75	263.790.76
Travel Professional Semicas	154,977,18	240;305.44 498.00
Orbar - Sarvices.	43,485,14	≥ 81,316.54
Communications Utilities	28,354.01 7 -4 1,325.02	75,935,073.76 1,444.73
Materials and Supplica	50,2 43 .65	63,407,7¢
Repairs and Maintenance Reptals	7,003.68 21,069.92	7,841.96 34,733.76
Miscellanboue Operating Expenses	122,95	5.39
Land, Structures and Improvement Equipment	-1,299,70 27,211,14	19,086.04 98,135.57
TOTAL	2,532,407.73	3,231,269.00
Ending Encumbrances Unencumbered Balance	.85,082.91 160,052.10*	91,570.64 104,990.25
Reversion Amount	567	24.55
GRAVÓ TOTAL	2,778,112,51	3,427,854.44

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	. '	Sharan Carlo	fiecal 1975
,	CHISTERNATES OF ROLLS. STORE THERE APPLEAD PRESENTS		
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	्री अक्टकारामामा के किस्तान होते हैं के व	5 3 4 F 5 4 4	2, 181, 65
	\$ 要用绘物集	1.171.4F	1" 2,670.43
	超电影磁度 含电发化表示风险	1,101.19	21,443.49
^,	namalaşçeş kerib	6.0	1711.06
	现在是由这类情景的"高达·图"的人类的是是由中	2,167,69	3,439,97
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	€M £	557.16
	क्षे _{-र्} ट्राट्ट्र (शामाध्य र	; werk	#44.43
,	207 X &	47.636.0°	65,121.67
. *	grand Halana Andlentauran	美名表示图5	633.40
	Farrysankarus Kulanda	1,364.13	(1.466.10)
	新年本書 中華 内京 - 資本的にはまま ・ 1 日本日本の かっかい 日本日本の - 1 日本日本日本の - 1 日本日本の - 1 日本日本日本の - 1 日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日	62 年,再年	
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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	多克·克尔克 的点	51,063.58
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9	Transfer of the state of the st	- 7 . 13,175.64 g	4,428,60
	· 张克斯林中 英田里华著杜西西	199.13	1,789.62
	Comment Car Form	夏春梦··蓬鳌	622,82
	Magartata and Burristan	1,691,58	1,678.46
÷	· 聖田尼西東京海 海南山區 经本资的基础品格均是市	ela col	415.64
	£=115 0 1 *	1,079.12	2,777.10
	flags prima i T	4,971.74	110.61
	TOTAL	第五,本意士,将 ⁴	75,838,10
	क्रिक्ट केंद्र अधिक केंद्र केंद्र केंद्र	* 959.63	395-35
· \	影像起露空間影響在寒雪響 医蜂宫神经炎症 2000年前時 新玩玩 机磁动电池磁动电池	474,14	351.56
	STRAND THE PAR	7 75,000,00	76,585.01
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	Floral 1974	Fiecal 1975
CHARLES TO TEACH TO THE TANKS T		
Selection and Magne	N BOT	12,199,20
Parmonnal Bandfite		1,672,74
TIANBI	·	3,186.00
Professional Services	wie-e :	1,076.07
Dibar Barvicas	W-Wines	269.93
Comunications		, 316.31
Materials and Supplies	n-d n	749.95
Repeater and Meintemanne	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	114,82
Papta,15		431.05
Land, Structures and Independent	Te Matterne	4,741.20
Equipmont	Agel Milliage	10,084,48
TOTAL	grave .	#1,45 2.3 6
Rusting Rosembrances		45,80).41
Unencombared Swinson	a By to specific M	1,834.03
Crani total	Si see q	69,100,00
	<u>s</u> .	

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		31	ne al 1974		Yimeal 1975
	UNIVERSITY OF HUARD WHEN INTERPRET COLLEGE OF Vacuationity Medicals		: /		
	Salaties and Wages -		~ # =		82,516.51
	Fernandel Banelite	ţ	N E C		10,481,04
	Travel		acce 4"	,	5,919.41
			4. 4 4		600.00
	Professional New Stew C				1,095.75
	Other Swryiden				711.50
6A	Communications Hadorials and Supplies :		रे.वे. क्राज्यक		15,751.92
	Persite and Maintenance	•			211.49
			***	•	1.75
	dentala NTC		a a		19,542.31
	mand, Structures and Juprocessed	j.	- mar-		136,831.68
	TOTAL				787.42
	Unaucumbered Salance				548.90
	Reversion Assunt		and married		
	GRAND TOTAL	65	w1/8:#		138,168.00

· ·	*	-
BOISE STATE UNIVERSITY	Fincal 1974	Fincal 1975
Salaries and Wages	6,927,990	7,944,697
Personnal Benefits	697,430	1,199,918
Travel	67,297	87,932
Professional Services,	90,181	95,576
Other Services	224,445	252,767
Communications	130,229	160,763
Utilities	183,712	244,959
Materials and Supplica	253;031	300,167)
Rentals	215,976	241,033
Repairs and Maintenance	137,547	" 172,065 '··
Materials for Mig. and Resale	1,337	255
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	29,769	31,012
Land, Structures and Improvement	192,546	81,406
Equipment	442,710	348,916
TOTAL **	9,594,200	11,361,466
Eneing Encumbrances	402,969	435,340
Unencumbered Balance	457	13,873
GRAID TOTAL	9,997,626	11,830,679

	•	The state of the s	• .
		Fiscal 1974	Figcal 1975
<u> </u>	LEMIO STATE UNIVERSITY	ж н '	9
	Salaries and Wages	8,549,891	9,708,326
	Personnel Benefits	85ê,033	1,697,236
	Travel	167,216	121,213.
	Professional Services	215,745	201, 298
	Other Services	254,899	384,717
•	Communications	148,756	187,120
1	Utilities	418,013	647,056
54 T	Materials and Supplies	510,588	620,079
	Rentals	154,964	199,808
	Repairs and Haintenance	201,812	319,156
U	Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	65,666	82,913
*3	Land, Structures and Improvement	551,850	403,407
2*	Equipment	686,958	883.517
	TOTAL	12,787,391	15,455,846
	Ending Encumbrances , , ,	822,788	. 407,458
V	Ur umbered Balance	3,963	2,611
\	TOTAL	13,614,142	15,865,915
. n	91 31	0	
			/ ⁶ ,

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EASTERN IDAHO VOCATIONAL-	15	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
TECHNICAL SCHOOL Salaries and Wages	, f	242,703.87	289,101.58
Personnel Benefits		20,636.24	45,772.66
Travel		5,769.85	6,307.81
Professional Services		389.00	158.75
Other Services	: sadis	4,551.48	5,804.32
Communications		2,792,21	3,868.30
Utilities'	, r	6,380447	7,379.88
Materials and Supplies	byer.	22,719.34	37,769.69
Rent	ī	9,289.74:	15,473.80
Repairs and Maintenance	•	4,590.43	5,511.74
Miscellaneous Operating Exper	2808	1,430.27	236.22
Equipment		23,808,57	23,241.88
Paymonts as Agent		28,680.47	39,471.03
TOTAL	æ	373,471.94	480,097.66
Ending Encumbrances		28,613.02	63,201,.59
Unencumbered Balance	1,	11,673.31	14,166.41
Student Activity and Develope	nent	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,977.54
GRAND TOTAL		414,029.27	561,447 20
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POCLETACION DE POUR DE LE PROPERTIE DE LA COMPANION DE LA COMP	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
OCATIONAL REHABILITATION		
Salaries and Wages	949,835	1,182,921
Personnel Senafits	146,537	185,859
Travel	56,478	45,697
Professional Services	30,388	27,610
Other Services	22,244	29,440
Communications -	49., 974	55,625
Utilities -	1,393	1,999
Materials and Supplies	23,852	26,286
Repairs and Maintenance	7,520	9,978
Rentals	95,747	108,734
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	1,828	1,279
Equipment	47,368	. 28,594
Trustee and Benefit Payments	2,327,354	2,309,040
Payments as Agent	616,659	838,256
тођа	4,377,177	4,851,318
Ending Encumbrances	1,173,180	1,277,968
Refunds	(13,759)	(58,650)
GRAND TOTAL	5,536,598	6,070,636

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LEWIS-CLARK STATE COLLEGE	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
Salaries and Wages	1,141,025	1,349,754
Personnel Benefits	114,246	203,536
Travel	18,408	30,703
Professional Services	4,602	11,421
Other Services	13,806	47,492
Communications	16,107	19,688
Utilities	46,356	69,055
Materials and Supplies.	42,641	60,463
Rentals	27,611	33,828
Repairs and Maintenance	25 _A 310	30,492
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	15,452	14,319
Equipment	52,167	118,751
TOTAL	1,517,731	1,989,502
Ending Encumbrances	. 11,995	42,940
Unencumbered Balance	(18,680) ¹	9,9752
GRAND TOTAL	1,511,046	2,042,417
1\$989 General Fund	en S	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

 2 \$815 General Fund

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VOCATIONAL EDUCATION	Fiscal 1974	Fiscal 1975
Salaries and Wages,	385,031	444,227
Personnel Benefits	41,574	70,186
Travel	y 30,765	44,808
Professional Services	1,765	-=-
Other Services	9,222	19,491
Communications	20,879	24,110
Utilities	73	
Materials and Supplies	12,312	13,252
Rentals "	91	,
Repairs and Maintenance	1,417	1,728
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	304	2,111
Equipment	6,765	11,428
Trustee and Benefit Payments	6,751,188	8,715,059
TOTAL	7,261,386	9,346,400
Ending Encumbrances	2,831,333	2,394,851
Unencumbered Balance	421,291	222,563
GRAND TOTAL	10,514,010	11,963,814
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	∉ Fiscal 1974 -	Fiscal 1975
IDAHO STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND	a 1.8097 13/4 .	%
Salaries and Wages	820,717.26	1,064,327.10
Personnel Benefits	98,195.31	184,351.34
Travel	19,231.27	28,475.74
Professional Services	2,380.60	3,432.69
Other Services	4,150.15	3,796.30
Communications	8,856.93	12,595,59
Utilities	43,038.66	52,132.60
Materials and Supplies	90,025.59	95,569.89
Repairs and Maintenance	26,982.70	19,923.47
Rentale	854.78	2,316.96
Kiacellaneous Operating Expenses	,6,368.98	5,291.90
Equipment	30,103.41	48,683.06
Trustee and Benefit Payments		596.28
TOTAL	1,150,905.64	1,521,492.92
Ending Encumbrances	24,4 <u>11</u> .28	7,309.94
Unencumbered Balance	(19,896.84)	17,101.34
GRAND TOTAL	1,155,420.08	1,545,904.20

STATE LIBRARY	Fiscal 1974	Fincal 197
Salaries and Wages	158,100	219,600
Personnel Benefits	17,700	33,700
Travel	5,000	7,500
Professional Services	, 1,000	
Other Services	3,900	5,000
Communications	5,200	5,700
Utilities	600	900
Materials and Supplies	6,600	9,200
Rentals	200	200
Repairs and Maintenance	3,000	2,700
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	900	500`
Equipment	59,700	53,900
Payments as Agent	327,000	706,500
TOTAL	588,900 .	, 1,045,400
Ending Encumbrances	79,000	176,200
GRAND TOTAL	667,900	1,221,600

IDAHO BISTORICAL SOCIETY (Includes Idaho Pioneer Association)	Fincal 1974 .	Fiscal 1975
Salaries and Wages	195,600 "	191,600
Personnel Benefits	20,200	30,600
Travel	5,200	6,400
Professional Services	7,000	3,900
Other Services	9,000	19,000
Communications	5,000	5,700
Utilities	6,400	8,800
Materials and Supplies	10,800	20,900
Repairs and Maintenance	5,700	15,800
Materials for Mgf. and Resale	8,300	10,800
Miscellaneous Operating Expenses	3,200	1,600
Rontals	300	1,700
Land, Structures and Improvement	13,500	11,700
Equipment	12,200	17,500
Payments as Agent.	32,000	85,100
TOTAL	334,400	.431,100.
Ending Encumbrances	9,500	24,100
Other Funds	37	400
GRAND TOTAL	343,900	455,600

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COLLEGE OF SOUTHERN IDANO	_ Fincal 1974	7 tucal /1975
Annual of Bathway Ivalia	, ,	3
Salarica and Wages	1,670,541	2,050,800
Personnel Benefits	283,991	246,200
Travel	32,000	39,700
Prothesignal Services	21,000	21,100
Other Services F5	116,704	120,200
Communications	29,800	25,900
Utilities	77,200	100,800
Haterials and Supplies	169,211	132,500
Repairs and Maintenance	220,700	144,000
Kentale	13,500	26.300 -
Hiscollaneous Operating Expenses	102,100	232,800
Equipment &	90,312	100,200
Land, Structures and Improvement	Action (30,000
Trustne and Benefit Payments	166,200	004,486
TOTAL	2,863,679	3,674,900
Other	(163, 121)	- (127,000)
GRAND TOTAL	3,027,000	3,547,900

EXPERDITURES BY NAMES CLASS COSE (cont.)

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NORTH IDARY COLLEGE	ts ₀ (ar 1,343 (387	1,553,079
Salaries and Wages		at 1, 191 (257	1,353,443
Personnel Benefits	Bet a	511	220,561
Professions Services S	1 1	, is	2,141
Other Services	, /	17,333	13,141
Communications		2 14,474	3 4 17,335
Ufilation		41,710	39,768
Materials and Supplies		291,131) 186, 286 T
. Repetra and Mattagements	J_{i}	10,468	, 55,528
Materials for Mfg. and kessis		142,029	159,769.
Histollaneous Operating Espens	t 6.8	76,191	7104,134
.Rentale		10,425	21,759
Land. Structures and Increvens	int.	115,317	256,350
Equipment	2.5	176, 209	200, 199
Trustee and Donefit. Paymonts	. , ,	. 226	2,581
YOTAL	4i	2.144.869	3,197,2942
Luding Encumbrances	., ,	175,341	(12,648)
CHAND TOTAL	X	2,520,410	3,164,445
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NAMES TO LIGHT ADMITTED TO

The State board of Education establishes policies for the entermants of institucions and seascies under the supervision.

In finish year 1973, the board adopted a major policy on terrors, monitories, dismissed or termination of faculty members at the University of Ideba, Ideba State Suiterate, to be state Suiterately and tester-Clark State College. A faculty member may be dismissed for fatlure to perform. I mestigned duties, violation of any law which results in a follow conviction, or aptical to a member, "seriously respirited to the institution, its students or faculty." The roller state custines an appeals procedure for faculty members who have received dismissed notices.

The board now requires quarterly lineacial reports from the losticutions and exercises under the supervision. The board continued development of its "Volform Progress Structure" system as a means of providing uniform financial reports for the colleges and universities, and its movement trward months Eusticast Center for Higher Education Handgement System) and JAG Clotox Accounting Cross) I management information and accounting systems.

To implement the con-compulary kindergetten program approved by the lagintature to 1975, the hours supported participating school districts to hold two secutions with day and defined a "day of attendence" for a kindergetten atminut as I 1/2 busts.

The based size approved guidelines for "Littleffelented Progresso" for thisteen where kniemes, persontiality and administrational means sequire classroom identification different from require instruction. The guidelines include identification and expection of gifted or released numbers, teacher:

qualifications and evaluation suggestions. As a result of this policy adoption, prior programs have begin to released areas for released and gifted students.

NYV PROCKAN RASPONSIBILITIES

reorganization which gave the State Board of Deceation supervisory authority over a greater number of institutions and agencies. Tragress and administration were coordinated through the Office of the State Board of Education: It also was the first year the board usread as Idaho's Postsecondary Education Commission, angaging in postsecondary planning as suthorised by the Righer Education Amendments of 1972.

For the first full year, the board supervised the State of Ideho Scholarship Program, funded by the Idaho Legislature to 1974 to provide acholarships to outstending scademic and worstional students. The board suthorised swards of 26 acholarships in 1974 and 27 to 1975, along with 27 continuing scholarships.

The board assumed responsibility for supervision of public/educational television in FT'75, a responsibility transferred from the Department of Administration. Am Ad Noc Educational Television Committee supervised the system until funds for 8 full-time coordinator became available July 1, 1975.

The board continued its review of curriculus offerious, etudying architecture, engineering and special aducation in FY'75. At the same time, while board began annual evaluation of graduate-lavel programs in the state, establishing a "minimum productivity" formula as a means of identifying graduate programs which abould be reviewed.

"As a result of authorising legislation, the board and its administrative office established plans for July 1, 1975, implementation of SEPARS (Statewids Educational Planning and Esporting System), a comprehensive management

of institutions and divisions

OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

The Office of the State Board of Education continued to work with the state's senior institutions of higher education to implement a common system of budgeting, accounting and management information. The system will provide comparative data for one in planning and budgeting. In cooperation with the identitutions, the office also developed a common reporting system for enrollments.

The office continued to administer community service and continuing education programs under Title I of the Higher Education Act, and provided staff to do the necessary planning for the Postsscondary Education Commission.

Major goals of the office are:

- -perfection of the budgeting process for all institutions and agencies under the supervision of the board.
- -- teplementation of a genuine statewide management information system.
- -continuation and perfection of the curriculum review process.
- wand better coordination of vocational education with both higher aducation and the public schools.



SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND COALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Major accompilatements for FT 1975 have been in the areas of leadership and direction. The department has changed superintendents; consequently, the department has undergone an entire reorganization in programs, personnel sesignments and departmental philosophy and priorities. Along with maintaining the normal leadership and regulatory functions, the department has new direction in the areas of perforance-based graduation requirements. equalized echool funding and mini decentralization, to name a few. Further gains have been made in legislation affecting the public schools, particularly with the passage of the long awaited kindergarten bill, and in other, reform legislation in school finance, exceptional children progrem, taxation, etc. The department continues to provide Leadership to the public schools and school districts, with emphasis upon area workshops, seminars and needs ASSESSED LO.

Objectives and goals for FT 1975 were to continue to develop and introduce legislation affecting public schools: strengthen leadership, planning and accountability at the local level by providing for ature and regional workshops; provide for the certification of trained personnel to fill the needs of public and private schools, and provide research to upgrade teacher education and certification programs; and to work with the U. S. Office of Education and various interstate projects for more effective management of federal programs to effectively carry out state law and State Board of Education policy. Host of these goals and objectives were attained estisfactorily.

Finance and Administration Program

Major accomplishments for FY 1975 have been to two general areas. In the area of finance, continued effort to attempthen the new program modifying the procedures of recording and reporting current attendance and enrollment reports has brought affirmative results. A series of area conferences for

school districts on the implementation of the procedure and process of the U. S. Office of Education financial accounting ware held to further atrengthan and coordinate public school accountability. Better department computer programming and utilization has resulted in more complete, accurate and timely fiscal and personnel data as state and federal tequirements become more stringent and numerous.

In the area of General Services, there have been program shifts in the Innovative Centers and Indian Education programs to the Division of Federal Programs, There A combining of similar programs has made supervision and accountability more efficient. The innovative projects continue to be a healthy program in the Title III, ESEA area, with 19 ongoing projects and good reports of them throughout the State. The Neighborhood Youth Corps project was transferred to the Department of Employment and the Drug Education Program has been phased out completely due to lack of state funding support Hore natching dollars are needed in the Food Services Program as a result of a rate increase of one cent a seal in the achools; this trend will continue it appears:

Objectives and goals for FY 1975 were to provide for effective management procedures and financial accounting for all department activities; provide leadership for budget preparation and presentation to the State Board of Education and the legislature; provide for supervision of general administration programs, such as school lunch, driver education, school building and construction, echaol transportation, Heighborhood Youth Corps, and Veterans Approval; provide for the distribution of funds to local school districts; provide technical assistance, to local school districts on financial and administrative procedures; and provide information on public aducation to the legislature. These goals and objectives were satisfactorily strained.

Educational Services

Major accomplishments for FY 1975 included a more functionally operating division since the consolidation of federal programs and subsequent refinement. Based upon past success many more regional workshops were conducted for teachers throughout the state in the various subject fields, as well as more needs assessments and school evaluations. A kindergarten guide was published and disseninated, and workshops were held statewide in which 90 percent of the schools were reached. Expansion and improvement was evident in many programs, such as educational television, where several more programs

proving to be more effective; and carger guidance and planning program, where a new grant provided workshop experiences for 75 percent of the achools within the state. Staff enrichment was provided in various ways as the U. S. Office of Education conducted a Title I ESEA conference; seminars and meetings were held by federal agencies; and educational opportunities were provided numerous ataff members. Consultative services were provided upon request, and the required reports and evaluations of federal programs were accomplished on achedule.

Objectives and goals for FY 1975 were to attempted leadership, planning and accountability at the local level by conducting needs assessments, school evaluations and management audits; furnish local school districts the necessary consultative help to meet problems and improve instruction; administer federal programs for the benefit of children (e.g., innovative programs, ESEA Title III and Higrant Education); increase services and programs for handicapped children; develop workshops for educational personnel; assist in the carrying out of pilot studies and disseminate information on such studies; and development of preliminary Affirmative action guidelines in preparation for workshops which are scheduled during FY 1976. The objectives and goals were accomplished satisfactorily.

Statewide Information Services Program

Major accomplishments for FY 1975 were restricted in part due to a maintenance level budget. No funds were available for expansion of services to the State Department of Education or the local schopy districts. Nevertheless, payroll districts were increased from 6 to 35 and financial districts increased from 4 to 19 hs more school districts began to realize the benefits of utilizing the computer. Consultative assistance continued to the department in the planning and implementation of epecific program needs such as the Budget and Federal Grant Reporting Program. The State Board of Education requested the development of a plan for the Statewide Educational Planning and Reporting System (SEPARS), and, upon development of the plan, SIS was transferred from the Department of Education and became an integral part of SEPARS.

Objectives and goals for FY 1975 were to provide a fiscal accounting system for all school districts which produces a record of receipts; provide a payroll system which issues checks for employees; provide for a system of

recording school district employee information; provide for a total system of recording and accounting for all enrolled students of school districts; provide for a system of recording all instructional classes of school districts, showing enrollment, class time, etc.; and provide a system to respond to school district desires relative to student scheduling and grade recording. The above goals were exceptionally attained.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF , INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO (General Education)

Primary to a discussion on goals and objectives of the University of Idaho must be consideration of Regents!—assignment of responsibilities within the context of a statewide system of postsecondary education. In its 1973 statement, the Board of Regents placed major responsibility for research, graduate work and professional education upon the University of Idaho. Thus the university's goals and objectives reflect commitment to strengthening the university's programs in these areas as well as to continuing viable undergraduate curriculums.

Currently, undergraduate programs in agricultural engineering, architecture, chemistry, education, engineering, forestry, mining and metallurgical engineering and music are accredited by professional accrediting agencies.

Since professional education has long been a concern of the university, continuation and strengthening of these accreditations is a major objective. This because they represent the assurance that the dollars spent in the subvention of the programs are at least producing professionally acceptable results. Three additional accreditations of programs now being offered by the university should also be sbught. These are in journalism, business administration and landscape architecture. In each of these programs, past efforts and emphasis have rendered the goal of accreditation reasonable without undue added investment beyond presently planned levels of personnel and dollars.

The coming years will see increasing emphasis by the University of Idaho in three areas — interdisciplinary or multidisciplinary work, off-campus extension and problem-oriented types of course work rather than purely didactic or primarily lecture types of offerings. Together with these will be increasing emphasis on the tailoring of work to individual or group needs rather than the shunting of the student seeking an atypical pattern through a variety of set courses often requiring endless prersquisites and extra credits to achieve his or her final goals.

The establishment of Lewiston as a seaport city indicates population growth in that area which will bring increased demand for educational opportunities and a need for increased cooperation between the University of Idaho and Lewis-Clark State College. Similar cooperation must be developed with North Idaho College which is located in Kootenai County, one of the fastest growing counties in Idaho. The university already has made some strides in this area. For instance, the College of Business and Economics now is increasing its capability to handle instruction at the Master of Business Administration level through off-campus programs at Coeur d'Alene, and at Lewiston in conjunction with the Potlatch Forest Corporation.

Development of cooperative programs between states, such as WAMI and the Tri-state Veterinary program, remains a goal of the University of Idaho. The next logical program for development by intra-state cooperation is education in mining and metallurgy. The University of Idaho will continue to expand cooperative programs with our neighboring institution, Washington State University.

In the coming months the university will seek appropriate funding so that it might discharge its Regents' assignment as a principal educational-research center for the state. Even though special budgets are provided in agricultural and forestry research, this funding is restricted and does not provide for widespread implementation of the research role. In bureaus of business and government research, in departments such as chemistry, physics, anthropology, biology, the social sciences, law, engineering and geology, to mention but a few, wide-ranging research programs of importance to the state and nation, as well as to the disciplines themselves, should be in progress, assuming the role assigned by the Board is being effectively implemented. At present the role is being carried out, only modestly because, with but few exceptions, there has never been realistic budgating to provide subvention for this aspect of the university's mission.

Inextricably intertwined with a commitment for research must be a commitment to graduate education, another of the university's major responsibilities. Graduate work is a natural outgrowth of a commitment to research and of a commitment of some faculty time to research and public service. It is through the faculty member's research commitment that much

graduate instruction is accomplished and, reciprocally, it is through graduate instruction in a "learn by doing" pattern that considerable contribution to faculty research is made by graduate students. Public service also figures prominently in many of the research-graduate work interrelations which the university has undertaken and will continue to undertake.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF

INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO (Agricultural Research)

Agricultural research is the responsibility of the Idaho Agricultural
Experiment Station and is coordinated through seven subject matter departments
at seven Research and Extension Centers throughout the state. The programs
are designed to help solve and prevent problems associated with food production
in Idaho. The program goals of each department and some of their recent
accomplishments are listed below.

Department of Plant and Soil Sciences

- Breed and test new varieties of potatoes, cereals, vegetables and specialty crops.
- Improve methods to control weeds and plant diseases, with minimum environmental damage.
- c. Increase cropsylelds and quality by improving soil fertility and other crop management practices.
- d. Reduce soil erosion and improve land use.

Department of Agricultural Engineering

- a. Improve water management and control sediment and nutrient lesses from irrigated lands.
- b. Develop new and improved equipment and techniques for harvasting and handling Idaho crops and soils.
- c. Determine how to effectively apply agricultural chemicals with irrigation
- d. Develop new methods for controlling and predicting soil erosion from Idaho lands.

Department of Entomology

- Reduce losses from insects by improved chemical and non-chemical control measures.
- Increase numbers of pollinators by developing improved nanagement practices and by controlling bee parasites and predators.
- c. Introduce and colonize insecra for biological control of weeds.

- d. Monitor insect populations to improve predicting capabilities and detect "new" insect pasts.
- e. Measure environmental impact of land and water use practices on beneficial and pestiferous aduatic insects.

Department of Agricultural Economics

- Improved marketing practices for beef and potatoes and feasibility of vertical integration for the cattle industry.
- The economic and social impact of vater use for irrigation, recreation and municipal use.
- c. The economics of alternate land use policies including such things as range management practices and farm tenure and lessing arrangements.
- d. The social and economic impact of rural-urban migration and the providing of facilities and services in rural areas.
- e. The economic impact of agriculture and agriculturally-related businesses fooddaho.

Department of Veterinary Science

- a. Study cause-prevention and treatment of diseases of new-born calves and lambs including Weak Calf Syndrone.
- b. Study diseases which reduce reproductive efficiency in cattle and sheep including development of a one-injection vibrio EAE vaccine and a means of testing vaccine potency for shortion diseases of sheep.
- c. Shore time applied research sized at bringing available technology to bear in the solution of Idaho disease problems, such as evaluation of a test and treat method for establishing anaplasmosis-free beef hards in Idaho and determining the geographic distribution and overall importance of blue-tongue of sheep in Southwestern Idaho to serve as a basis for fecision-making regarding possible control programs.

Department of Animal Industries

- a. Improve reproductive efficiency of beef and dairy cattle.
- b. Increase dairy production with improved nutrition and management practices.
- c. Increase profit of faedlots with more efficient use of grain.
- d. Maximize productive officiency of farm and range sheep flocks.

Department of Escteriology and Biochemistry

- a. Determine cause of microbial authrophication (pollution) in saveral Idaho drainage basins:
- by Develop elternate means of disposing of feedlot and processing wastes.
- c. Prevent food spoilage from backfrie and keep agricultural commodities free from harmful constituents.
- d. Determination of the nutritive status of both raw and processed agricultural commodities.
- m. Development of vaccine for liver abscess in best.





Examples of Recent Research Accomplishments:

- Beef cattle range research has shown that Crested thestgrass is deficient in time during late summer and fall. Supplementing cattle with 100 mg. inter per day has resulting in a 0.3 lb. increase in gain per day. Thus, resulting in a 0.3 lb. increased in gain per day. Thus, providing .04 lc of time per day results in an increased gain value of 10c-12c per day. This would amount to an increased return of approximately \$200,000 to Idaho beef cattle producers.
- b. The Small Towns research project is gathering information on the problems of small rural towns in Idaho. Many such towns have been (osing population, and also losing the businesses which provide goods and services to paople and also losing the businesses which provide goods and services to paople of the town and the surrounding countryside. The research is exploring the relationships which determine what kinds of businesses can survive in which types of towns. The results will be useful in the management decisions of present and prospective small town businesses.
- c. Research is examining the cost of public services in rural areas. The 1967 expenditures by all units of government in the 32 more rural idaho counties were \$252 per capita compared to \$220 per capita expenditures in the 12 more urban counties. New ways of providing and financing public services in rural areas can help reduce this inequity.
- d. Rehabilitation of areas which have been denuded of desirable vegetation by fire, logsful, overgraving or other means requires considerable time, for somey and labor. Research conducted in cooperation with the College of Forestry, Wildlife and Hange Sciences has resulted in the development of new and more efficient equipment for mechanically transplanting seedlings in such areas.
- e. A "Caera Manual" for the selection of feedlot sites and land disposal of manure has been written. This rather comprehensive manual will prove invaluable to all concerned ranchers and farmers. New federal and state environmental guidelines make the manual a most timely source of reference information.
- Organisms have been isolated which have the capacity to fix atmospheric nitrogen in the root-zone of wheat plants. This accomplishment could result in a cremendous saving in nitrogen fertilizer costs.
- Research dealing, with biological control of weeks by insects has proved fruitful over the last year. A small noth from eastern Europe has been furported for the control of spotted knapweed and has been released near. Mescow. A fly, also from Europe, has been released on spotted knapweed in the Gooding area.
- b. Adiatic research with insects reveals that in big river systems under water movement controls insects do not colonize comes which are subject to short term (daily) vates fluctuations. It also has been noted ther embedding of rocks and cobble beyond two-thirds of the surface area is the pivitol point bayond which inject populations are dramatically reduced in rivers and acresss.
- i. The potato industry of idaho both in processing and fresh pick operations must be able to stoke potatoes from one harvest almost to the next in order to keep operating of a regular besis. A few years sto potatoes were stored only for about six of seven months, and maintaining quality was difficult. Today, through University of Idaho research programs on potato atorage, the Today, through University of Idaho research programs on potato significantly design and operations of storage facilities have been improved significantly to the polar where hish quality porasons can be available almost the year to the spoint where hish quality porasons can be available almost the year cound. This research has increased the number of jobs and the economy of the state to a level where each Jollar invested in this research returned \$337 to Idaho in 1974 alone.

- j. The dry edible been variety Finto 114 developed and facently released by the University of Idaho yields approximately I have acre more than the variety Finto 111. This is because greater, distance resistance to been common measic was incorporated. Tearly, between 35,000 to 50,000 acres of pinto 3, and for Idaho been growers, from 100,000 to 130,000 hundredweight more of pinto beans could be produced in Idaho. Even at a price of \$10/hundredweight the increased gross: income to Idaho been growers would be between 1.0 and 1.5 millions of dollars each year.
- by to failure of correin commercial varcines to protect against vibriosis abortion in sheep, tests for efficacy for this varcine have been conducted. These tests are pearing complation and hopefully they can serve as model for other varcines of sheep and cattle. If a varcine is not effications, a great deal of loss can result from the false escurity of the producer.

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CONTROL WATERWAY AND GARLO OF INSTITUTIONS AND STREET

UNIVERSITE OF IDAMS (Chart Term Applied Reservable

Twelve projects were instell in 1975-75 in agriculture (3), transportation (3), are guillutted (3), end instently, stating, warms problems, tax policy and energy (the earl). Final reports in all but one have been received and all show polymoital recises commensurate with STAR pullicy and desidalines.

The agriculture projects toolwied the study of a growth stimulant is varile, the capacity agent of weak call syndrome and the hapociance of blue tongue as a factor of lamb hosome and discose to sheep. Etclinicary teaults from the growth stimulant armiy abover a potential gain to growth rate of about 10 papeant. This could result in sumpai feed savings as high as 173,000 to lambe and in million to ratele. Additional income to desagn and action of elementation is required. Firstoned incomes in desagn and existent of elementation is required. Firstone and inclination weak call syntiams, but it is believed as a result of this research that infection admistions only part of the problem; other factors such as insidequate infilling and/of weather etters are required for the disease to manifest itself. Now insucolation techniques were developed and premeral infection was largely tuled out as a cause for the WCC. Determination of cause of WCS will lead to dure and reduction of current call losses up to 1s percent (co. 3131,900 of 1911 prival). It was concluded from the blue tongue studies that blue tongue to not an important disease in 1920.

A Cri-texpicutional transportation project (DI, 859, 150) described the summan of rail passenger service to Idaho, an evaluation of rail passenger demand on the "City of Portland," and an overview of passenger train ascribe to Idaho with estensive incommendations. The research and reports have been commended by ANTRAE officialism. The principal investigators. Dr. Richard Day 1911, has taken a pear's leave of absence to be a menter methating information energy for suffect. The second "transportation" project dealt with development of equipment to dealgo highway mented testing equipment. A dealgo was melacted. The Idaho Department of Highways has funded, 2-1/2 year project (125,714) to further develop the levice and test it on a partiary of Idaho solis

Forest regeneration is a critical need in Italia and the nation. At present expressions of its estimated that there will be four utilities acres of non-stocked forest land by 1988. The forestry proposal funded is to study a rapid and inexpensive method of regeneration, i.e., dropping sends envious to a "valor." Preliatency results are encouraging; reguneration and survival exceed standard methods.

A complete report on the mining project. The principal divertions of the harmonic designment of the harmonic the principal divertigator (VI) has taken a leave of absence to serve as the forests Assistant Seniotary of the Department of interior. Approximately eight publications are expected describing specific ore busines and new techniques of exploration. Guata of finding and expecsing one deposits should be naturally reduced.

A computer which has been developed which was materalogical data and attendantive data to predict the jame on idebo rivers. It has been instead successfully on historical data. The model will probably be utilized in coming winters by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers and the city of Pocatello. Successful prediction of jutenization and ensuing flooding will minimate property loss, parmin lunguages flood control planning and, perhaps, save ...

Another triminetturional project was funded to develop a modul of idaho's fuvenue system. This resulted in a nethodology for estimating general fund revenues which was presented to the state legislature in December, 1974. Funds were provided for Fieral "76 to produce similar forecasts.

Air pollution studies included a project to detect emissions from cattle yards and a project on assimilation of profide by animals resident in Eastern ideas. Detection of source of odors is critical to determining liability for treatment. The techniques and equipment designed were successful for tracing addressed odor reduction. The fluoride study demonstrated a potential problem, the prevention of which could cause significant savings in production limitation and litigation.

The final report of research on high efficiency solar cells has not been received. The principal investigator was unable to complete this prior to his departure for ambhatical leave. This will be reported in the next reporting year.

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SIGHTFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND STATES OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVIDIONS

UNIVERSITY OF IMARO, (Porest Distinction Research)

The forest utilization research program was started 1-1/2 years ago to belp increase the renewable timber yields from ideho's forest lands while maintaining or even increasing the other values and uses of these lands. Forest resources support sums 42 per cent of all industrial matablishments in the state. Industries using wood account for over 45 per cent of all production workers. The forest industries and their ampluyees are not only in the larger cities, but slep are dispersed in the rural areas of idaho and provide the only source of income for many small communities of the state.

Timber products harvested from forested land every year in Idaho are equivalent to himber used in building 200,000 new homes-cover ten per cent of the nation's annual needs. Commercial forest lands here in Idaho have the potential to produce at twice this rate, given adequate research and translation of research results into action programs.

it is a fact that much wood fibre is lost each year from forest lands. Losses from insects, disease, fire and over-mature timber is equal to the volume being harvested. Research can reduce the loss and at the same time enhance and protect the environment and climinate pollution created by burning of residuals left on the furest floor after commercial logs have been removed.

Research results to date have been very promising and potentially very profitable to idaho. Following are some examples:

The Prenomercial Thinning Peasibility study was run to determine the sconcentre of thinning young ideho timber stands for increased growth and quality. However, precommercial thinning seldon is done because of high costs and because returns are not obtained intil timber is harvested at the end of foration. The study showed that the vivere once such thinnings were a cost (usually more than 180 for acre), where once such thinnings were a cost (usually more than 580 for acre), the thinned material can be utilized and provide a value of up to 5137 the thinned material can be utilized and provide a value of up to 5137 per acre. This can mean, conservatively, a savings of between 150,000,000 and 980,000,000 to northern idaho woodland owners by the end of rotation. We believe additional eavings can be obtained in southern Idaho also. Research breakthroughs like this don't come every year and the other studies may not yield such significant results—but the results will be significant.

The study on Scaling Defective Coder Loge is providing information necessary th utilize coder "shell loge," irregular log chunks and other defective logs which cannot now be measured for sales. Last year over \$1,000,000 worth of split products were produced in Idaho's fifty small coder mills. The study results, which will undergo final field testing next ourser, are needed hadly by these small mills and can mean a great deal to the small woodland owner trying to sall these products.

The Forest Fertilization study has shown that while either fertilisation or thinning produces greater volume growth per acre, a combination of the two treatments is most beneficial with growth increases up to 210 per cent. Considering fertilization alone on only the most productive eites, Idaho could athieve a 20 per cent increase in growth which would have an added value of up to 520,000,000 annually. Even with increased fertilizer costs, many forest industries are proceeding with plans to fertilize the most productive sites. The studies also show that with careful application techniques pollution of small attends is not significant.

The Characteristics of Porest Industries study is describing the nature of the state's forest industry—the distribution and role in Idaho, present and expected flow of timber and logging (wood) is products under various levels of management and investment. This information is needed by the forest industries for planning and investment purposes and by state planning agencies. This information will be published in a series of eix reports.

The Dynamics of Forest Residues study has resulted in a predictive model which provides the basis for decisions of level and investment of slash treatment following logging operations, and insect and disease outbreaks. Even more important, this model will provide estimates of small stem raw wood material resources. The industry needs this information to make decisions regarding establishment and increased production of pulp and fiber board processes with greater reliability needed before making large capital investments to expand Idaho's forest-based economy.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO (WAMI Medical Program)

The WAMI (Washington, Alaska, Montana, Idaho) Program has been a federally-supported experimental medical education project. It is an ongoing Idaho program, offering full support of medical training of its atudent citizens. Federal support of the program is being phased out and state support phased in over a four-year period, with the state supporting the medical education of each group of students as they proceed through their training. At the end of four years, Idaho will be supporting a total of 80 medical students each year in medical school, including the 20 entering freshmen for which the University of Washington School of Medicine reserves positions each year.

The University Phase has 19 WAMI students assigned, 18 of them from Idaho, An academic year program of medical education has been established for them in concert with Washington State University, which has 20 WAMI students, making a medical class of 39 students in the University of Idaho-Washington State University conjoint medical education program.

Results to date indicate that the goals of the WAMI Redical Program are being accomplished. The goal of more medical student admissions has been reached with a 422 per cent increase in Idaho in terms of the number of residents admitted to the University of Washington School of Medicine before and after the advent of the WAMI program.

A second goal was to train an increased number of primary care physicians.

The WAMI program has succeeded in this as evidenced by the number of students selecting the family medicine pathway, with 54 per cent of the WAMI students choosing the family physician pathway as compared with 38 per cent of non-WAMI students. Here than 95 per cent of these students retain their pathway selection at the time they select an intermedip and/or residency program.

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A third goal was to take the resources of the University of Washington Medical Center to the communities in WAMI states. During the 1974-75 academic year, over 1,400 health professionals received formal education from 28 University of Washington faculty visits to the Community Clinical Units (CCus). In addition, 1,000 individuals attended the circuit course (continuing medical education) which contacted three communities in Idaho and 17 communities in the entire WAMI territory.

A fourth goal was to institute the WAMI program without the use of new "bricks and mortar." This goal has been achieved by using the existing facilities at universities and communities in the WAMI states. It is necessary to add, however, that some renovations and changes had to be made at the University of Idaho in order to accommodate this program. It is equally certain that some renovations were necessary in other universities and WAMI CCUs to accommodate the many medical students taking their training there. A third CCU (family practice) will be established in Idaho by the spring of 1976,

A final and most important goal has been the placement of physicians in tural locations throughout the WAMI area. The majority (62 per cont) of the products of the Community Phase of WAMI (residents who rotated through the CCUs as a part of their residence training) have set up their practice in rural locations. The data, because of small sample size (20/32), is suggestive, but not conclusive.

The program appears to be meeting at least four of the five goals it set for itself, and the preliminary data strongly suggests that impact is being made relative to correction of the geographic maldistribution of physicians.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

UNIVERSITY OF IDAMO (WSU Northwest College of Veterinary Medicine)

The 1971 Legislature approved and funded a proposal which provided for a gradual Thasing out of Idaho participation as a "have not" sate in the WICHE Student Exchange program for veterinary medicine and the concurrent development and gradual phase-in of a regional College of Veterinary Medicine centered around Washington State University's existing College of Veterinary Hedicine.

In order to accommodate the increased number of students, Washington State University will construct a \$14 million Pathobiology Building. Idaho's obligation to the program includes:

- (1) Providing and housing additional faculty members to teach and conduct research and service activities on the Moscow-Pullman campus. A \$519,000 addition to the Veter/mary Science Building at Moscow to house and provide research facilities for these additional faculty members is scheduled for completion Jan. 1, 1975.
- (2) Building, equipping, staffing and operating a vaterinary medical teaching hospital at Caldwell to provide clinical training in food animal medicine for fourth year professional students. Punding for construction of the hospital (\$1.1 million) was appropriated by the 1975 legislature.

In addition to fulfilling the teaching function, the Caldwell faculty and staff will fill a disease investigation and applied research and service role for Idaho's livestock industries.

Coals

- (1) Provide increased opportunity for education in vaterinary medicine for residents of Idaho
- (2) Increase the number of veterinarians serving the needs of Idaho
- Reduce disease losses through a program of research, investigation and service

Accomplishments

(1) The initial class of Idaho students has completed the first year of the professional curriculum (June '75). The group of Idaho students who make up the second entering class has been selected and will enter the first year of the professional curriculum in September, 1975.



- (2) Programs of basic and applied research on important ideho livestock problems which are in progress or are planned include:
 - (a) Neurological control of food and water intake,
 - (b) Treatment and prevention of intoxication resulting from intake of poisonous plants.
 - (e) Elucidation of the mechanisms of the carrier state and development of practical tests for detection of blustongus carrier animals.
 - (d) The role of viral agenta in enteritis (acours) in lambs and calves?
 - (e) Studies of the immune response of cattle and sheep to the common liver fluke.
 - (f) Effect of internal parasitism on the ability of sheep to respond immunologically to vaccines.*
 - (g) Biological and chemotherapeutic methods for the prevention, control and treatment of coccidiosis of lambs.
 - (h) Survey of causes of death and disease in sheep at the U. 5. Sheep Experiment Station. $\mbox{\ensuremath{\bullet}}$
 - (i) Etiology, pathogenesis and control of Weak Calf Syndrome
 - (j) Diagnosis and vaccinal or f-sunnological methods for control of tuberculosis of swine?
 - (k) Investigation of the function of white blood cells in the immune response of cattle and sheep to various infectious agents including Weak Calf Syndromet

*Research was in cooperation with the College of Agriculture.

- (3) An internship progress in sheep diseases conducted at the U. S. Sheep Experiment Station at Dubtis was conducted for senior students during the spring of 1975. In the spring of 1976 this internship will-be continued and conducted concurrently with disease survey activities.
- (4) A proposal for increasing cooperation in graduate programs in veterinary medicine between Washington State University and the University of Idaho has been developed and submitted for approval.

Principal features of the agreement include:

- (a) Waiver of the equal exchange clause concerning joint listing of courses. This will give Idaho graduate students access to essentially all Washington State University graduate courses in vecerinary medicine.
- (b) Courses taken for graduate credit at the University of Idaho may be transferred to Washington State University in fulfillment of all course requirements for the doctoral degree in veterinary science at Washington State University.
- (c) Members of the Ideho faculty of veterinary medicine may be elected to the graduate faculty at Washington State University.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF DESTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

IDANO STATE UNIVERSITY

Parhaps the most significant single event of the 1975 (local year at Idaho State University was the announcement by President William E. Davis in May that he was reasoning to accept the presidency of the University of New Mexico: The State Board of Education subsequently appointed Dr. Charles H. Kagel, academic vice president, to serve as acting president during 1975-76 while a new chief executive is being sought. Dr. Lewrence H. Sice, dean of the Graduate School, was named acting vice president.

There were neveral other major administrative changes during 1974-75 The 1974 fall semester opened with new deans in two of ISU's academic colleges. Dr. Thomas A. Bond succeeded Dr. Joseph A. Bearet se dean of the College of Liberal Arts, and Dr. Paul D. Leiby replaced Dr. E.V. Simison as dean of the College of Medical Arts. Dr. Hary Ellen Williams was appointed director of summer seasions, a post formerly held by Dr. Bond in addition to his duties as assistant liberal arts dean.

Appointments later in the year included Dr. Albert E. Wilson, dean of the newly-created School of Eugineering, and Ma. Christine Mahoney, ISU's first Afficative Action officer. Philip H. Eastman, business managet, was named to replace Financial Vice President William J. Bartz whom Hr. Bartz retires on Jan. 1, 1976.

Enrol/ment at 180 during fiscal 1975 indicated there may be a definite trend toward a reversal of the leveling off and alight decline experienced in the early 1970s, although much of the new growth is in vicational and part time students. The 1975 spring senseter head count was 8,097, which was 632 more than the previous spring and 52 more than the 1974 fall susception It was, in fact, the largest on-campus enrollment recorded to date for either the apring or fall terms and represented only the second time in ISU's history that spring enrollment exceeded the previous fall semester figure.

programs during fixed 1975. The new degree programs of the backelor of vacational-technical teacher education and the master of arta in audiology or got their first entelless, and programs for backelot of actions and associate of science degrees in tadiologic reclinatogy were approved for implementation during 1975-76. Undergraduate program the College of Susiness were accreditation by the American Association of Callegiate Schools of Susiness, giving 188 the only accredited business degree program in the state.

Alber School of Engineering was created in April, explacing the Department of Architecture, Engineering and hughest Statemen that formerly was part of the liberal afte college. Plans for the new exhous include the entablishment of an energy experiment station and related emergy activities. The present bachelor's degree in architecture will be abandoned, however, and only a two year pre-major program will be offered in this area.

Physical plant expansion during (local 1975 was limited to a 3107,000 central operations building for the Mainfenance and Operations Department and completing of Pulling Courts, a discount, spartment complex for married students, at a cost of 5601,000. There also was some remodeling and refurbishing activity to existing campus buildings. As the year disc to close, however, plums were completed and bidding about to get underway for a new 55.8 million interestly library.

Commoncement, 19 covided another milescone in the history of the university as decrea of philosophy and doctor of education degrade were evaled for the first time. One Ph.D. in biology and four Ed.D. degrees in counselor education, slong with ten doctor of arts degrees, headed the list of 1,677 degrees and certificates.

une. Action President Regain has indicated by work to attempthen existing programs, implement new ones already authorized, and keep the institution moving should. He does not propose, however, to intilate changes that would bind or construct a new president when one is selected.

ACCULATIONAL STANDARD SANCESTAND STANDARD OF

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Hajor Lecampliandents

- (1) These I of a Science-Education Suitable to mater construction. This is the first classroom or laboratory totaldring at Suite State Spiversity which has been funded with evaluation. About \$150,000 may received from the federal government, Surator States.
- (7) The Special Evence Center should be completed in early January of 1916.

 This enall building, funded with student for revenue bond account, will provide again for the Theotre Department description, the University Film Section, and a vertexy of Student University Should accident
- (3) A new Banter's degree in secondary citization was instituted in the same of 1915, with exadenty emphasis to are, hashees education, chamistry, earth effects, ingites, mathematics, music, and charte area. This new degree will contribute to the upgrading of the public school teaching profession of the state.
- (i) A new master's degree to public statistatestion was instituted in cooperation with the U of I and Idean State where a similar degree was also suffertive.
- (3) The ubiversity accetioned to expend the off-manpow internation, Iteld studies and other scalamic projects that belp students bridge the characteral and the applied learnings. The untractor is highly recognised so an inectivation that interfaces with namy difference entitle which demonstrate than learning takes place observer it is well placed and directed.
- , (6) New haccoloureats degrees in journalism, real seters, (inside, and political science were instituted. Two new especiate degrees in respiratory tharspy and radiologic technology were added to the School of Health Sciences. (67



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- रेत्यु विक्रा प्राप्ताक कर रहा है । वार्ष्टि के वार्ष्ट्रिक के रह कर रहा प्रश्न कर कर रहा है है कर कर रहा है है के उन्हें के से रहा है है के उन्हें के स्थान कर रहा है के उन्हें के उन्हें के स्थान कर रहा है के उन्हें के उन्ह
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SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF

LINES-CILIE STATE COLLACE

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though the building projects completed this year or underway are the following:

The Lowerd V. Williams College Union was completed and dedicated in April, 1975. This building was funded from revenue books in the appoint of 1750,000.

A contract to the amount of approximately \$50,000 was emericle to install

The faller targest Class of Lorietus raised approximately 4150,000 locally to partially fund the construction of corosed tomak courts on company. Construction is in progress?

The cullege corricular continued to be developed with the solition of a Tipl 2" procedurate degree to critical justice and industrial management technology. These two degree programs building upon basic vocational-included programs. The processor program has above improperties growth in the compart of andmost excepted.

Couls and Chierrives

The goals and objectives of the College here not changed especially during the past year, towis-class State College extres as a suglocal four-past college as well as an arm vocalized-rechards school for Borsh Contral Idaho. Continuity education content, resolute, excelents and vocational preparatory work, programs for eacher pictures, and contents and college arms are vical aspects of the college's service to the community.

During the auxi five phare it is auticipated that the following programs will be developed:

a de de

(1) first exterity will be given to developing the becalencests degree version program. The purpose of this program is to provide training beyond the consistent degree large in motive number to met the floresting demands exten placed open them. The nature and purpose of the program is best expressed in the recommendating of the little formation on Euretic and Applicating Education under on October 16, 1974:

The Idaho Commission on Bursing and Bursing thurston light the properties on Byrsion) satorses the copert of a hectalegistic program is prefer for correlate histories in the Lawle-Glask State College, masse of a f a partern. In program should be based on more of the assets degree graduate and nurses in the field. We considered supports for the order as a satellite program to be available in the Coople Taluse and

It rould be advisable for hardestials tests college to person some servereditional lights in additing articular to be becalificate for the servered to registered current or tested associate defens practice of servered titles practical attendance for a full-time besty is lar-time and best door bear only. There are subsequent to the servered title action and the best of a full-time besty is lar-time and bear door where the bits bear door, what above after the servered to the servered time and a servered the servered to the servered time.

The State Spaint of Burnlay, pasting viries the work of Tebrasiv 12.

1971, depressed the plan of incre-clays Itale College to excess, with the
State Said of Iduation, Terebuganic of a 3 + 2 backelements progress.

The Advisory Committee for Sealth I fortion to the State Moved of Louistick varied manufactually on tone 8, 1971, to registrates intention of exporting the horizolatists degree program is their cites State College. In recommended to the State Source of Advisation that the sine activities of descripted by the college for before any angular program, is complete be adopted, and when necessary funding to included to the bodget acquest for Fiscal Tass 1977. It was percent one to discussion during the seating that South Idabe him have walking a line time for a becalledge the seating that South Idabe him have marked to combar to show about the expect to classification is the best of the bodget.

(2) formater development of the rejectional-technical education program will receive high principle. These technical data technique principles the way and a formational residing to beach technique ideas, development make the pass and demonstrate attacks in the pass and technique techniques.

Gran

meintained vocational-technical education at a level adequate to ment the area needs, the locisating demands of population growth and industrial development will require an accelerated take of development.

- (3) High priority about he given to the development of Lewis-Clark State College as the advantional and coltural center of Lewiston and the immulate area. Increasingly, the campus and incilities are being utilized by off-campus groups. During the past year meetings and conferences have been held on campus by sgencies of local and state government, community and state service digentiations and other public groups. Over 30 such workshops, suminars and conferences were conducted to serve the needs of the area citizenty. North Idaho Children's Home, the Child Development Center, and almost every school district in North Central Idaho have indicated an interest and need to utilize the resources and expertise on our campus.
- (4) During the past two years handlesped paracos and senior citiatus have used the physical education and recreational facilities on campus a great deal. Our special education and physical education facilities have cooperated in an attempt to most the tramendous needs of these two particular groups. This program has rapidly developed to the point that a specialist is now needed to further develop and coordinate the activities.
- (5) Plans are being made to develop a reading and writing laboratory designed for persons interested in self improvement who have deficiencies in reading, writing, spelling, studying, and mathematics. This laboratory will provide the opportunity—to induffine educational development where the preparatory center in the vocational division cases. This is consistent with the philosophy of the college that all persons are capable of personal growth through educational experiences.
- (6) The Children's Theatre Progress and Tour should be expended. This endsever has proven to be very popular throughout the five-county area. At the present time the tour, which is funded entirely by a great from the lifeho Commission on Arts and Humanities, is acheduled during the Christman vacation period. Puture plans include the likelihood of thereasing the tour, at least one each semester, and developing a summer progress for students interested in acquiring expertise in the area of Children's Theatre, Levis-Clark State College has the potential to become the Northwest conterfor educational training in this area.



- (7) Music. art, and theatre activities will become increasingly important as invision grows. As cultural activities become more important, the responsibility of the college to provide expertise as well as leadership in developing these activities will undoubtedly increase. The drama program and the art program have created an excellent reputation and future development and expansion in these areas is presently being explored.
- (8) Projections indicate that the criminal justice program, special aducation program and the business program will all prosper and develop in the next five years.

the criminal justice program will be a viable and popular program in the immediate future. Students may now complete the two-year associate of arts in law enforcement or a four-year degree in criminal justice, with an option in either law enforcement or corrections.

The corrections option was motivated by discussion with, and recommendations from the Governor's Council on Criminal Justice, local law enforcement officers, and pursonnel from community spencies engaged in the correctional employment field. There is increasing recognition that prevention, rehabilitation and counseling are necessary to properly focus on the issue of crime and delinquency. Areas served by the corrections major include probation, parole, juvanile work and social work. The feasibility of designing and implementing an option to adequately prepare students for social work in rural steam is now under consideration.

Opportunities and responsibilities in the erea of special education continue to increase. Therefore, our cooperative program should grow as we attempt to ment the tremendous needs in this area. Experts in the field of special education feel the demand for special education teachers will increase each for years to come. In addition to the standard course work, Levis-Clark State College has an obligation and plans to provide in-service experiences for the appropriate employees of the area echool districts.

Student interest in the area of business is increasing and our projections are that the popularity of this area will continue to grow. Job opportunities, the industrial management rectinology program, the University of Idaho MEA in Leviston, and the increasing needs of local business managers for assistance with in-service visiting, will all atimulate interest in our business, program,



(9) Geographical location, shundant recreational opportunities and facilities, and excellent weather should make Lewiston a prime attraction for touriste and summer visitors. Therefore, a variety of workshops and special learning experiences structured to appeal to this group are under



SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF

INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Goals and Objectives of Vocational Education

During FY 1975, the goal of Idaho Vocational Education was to make quality vocational education programs available to all people in the communities of the state who wanted and needed it for preparation for employment in occupations which do not require a college degree.

The objectives for the fiscal year were to provide leadership in planning and improving Vocational programs; provide professional development for vocational personnel; and to increase vocational program offerings and enrollments at all levels of education in the occupational fields of agriculture, distributive, health, consumer/homemaking, home economics related, office occupations, trades and industrial, and technical education. Significant accomplishments were resliced in general objectives during the year. The following Tables I and II contain a summery of projected objectives and accomplishments years 1974 and 1975 for comparison.

TABLE I
Programs, Teachers, Enrollments, Completions - Projected and Actual
for
1974 Fiscal Year

		Bunber of	Programa	Number of	Teachers	. Number Entolled		
		Projected		Projected	Vetnay	Projected	Actual	
Secondary	*	. 360	394	490	505	26,912	28,584	
Poet Secondar	y	145	111	244	257	4,600	4,275	
Adult		511 -	565	224	219	7,850	7,690*	
Special Progr	r Armel	,		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	a .		
Disadvantage		(36)	(26)	(45)	(77)	(1,305).	(1,997)	
Bandicapped	[Bara] .	(15)	(13)	(20)	(24)	(300)	(358)	
Cooperative	Part C	(25)	(27)	(30)	(29)	(710)	(828)	
Exemplary, I		HA	(6)	(10)	(5)	(800)	(104)	
Presplary.			1 1 41 95			1 . 1	7894	
Research. Pr	irt C	NA .	(4)₽	NA I	(7)	HA.	(164)	

⁽⁾ Hemo only - figure is included in other figures - Includes Homemaking Useful (13,891 secondary and 1,308 adult)

Elementary ..

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TABLE II Programs, Teachers Enrollments, Completions - Projected and Actual for 1975 Fiscal Year

			Number of	Teschers	Number Er	rolled
Level of Vocational Programs	Projected	Actual.	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual
Secondary	403	414	529	539 ₀	28,748	29,297
Postsscoodary	130	118	289.	. 267	4,419	`4,509
Adult	480	614	276	245	8,740	8,355
Special Programs Disadvantaged Handicapped Cooperative, Part D Exemplary, Part D Rassarch, Part C	(36) (15) 30 6	(23) (12) (31) (10) 2	(60) (25) (28) (10)	72 (27) (33) (12) 15	(1,549) (546) (800) 200	(1,649) (362) (807) (488) 1,766**

O Heso only - figure is included in other figures

asking Useful (14,389 Secondary, and 1,405 Adult) Ideludes Nove

aw Elementary

ACCOMPLISHOUNTS

Sac odary Level

Enrollments in high school vocational programs increased from 28,584 in 1974 to 29,297 in 1975. Forty-seven and six-tenths (47.6) per cent of all students in grades 9-12 enrolled in some kind of vocational education program in 104 of 106 high school operating districts. Students spent from 25 - 33 per cent of their total school time in vocational classes. Of the total number of students completing high school vocational programs in 1974, 47 per cent were available for employment and 82 per cent entered employment in the field trained or in a closely related field. Follow-up data for FY '75 atudents will not be complete until April of 1976.

Postsscondary Level

Vocational postsecondary programs were offered in six area vocationaltechnical achools at Boise State University, College of Southern Idaho, Eastern Idaho Vgcational-Technical School, Idaho State University, Lewis-Clark State College and North Iduho College.

Envoluents in postsecondary programs increased from 4,275 in 1974 to 4,509 in 1975.

Approximately 13 per cent of the total number of students enrolled in higher education were enrolled in vocational education.

It is estimated that the area vocational-technical achools were abla to suroll less than half the number of potential students because of lack of facilities, equipment and staff.

Six area vocational-technical schools are geographically located in the state to make vocational education as accessible as possible to the people who want and need vocational education at the postsecondary, adult, and, to some extent, the secondary level of instruction.

Guidance programs, occupational information and experimentation programs as being improved and expanded.

Local occupational advisory committees function and contribute much to the development, improvement and evaluation of vocational programs.

Every public supported college and university in the state has a designated area vocational-technical education school and/or a vocational teacher and counselor education program as a part of its educational offerings.

Close working relationships and cooperation between vocational teachers, local school administrative staffs, area vocational-technical schools, vocational teacher-counselor educators, various agencies, and the State Vocational Education Staff contribute to the atrength of Idaho vocational program.

Cooperative efforts of school districts are making more vocational education programs available to students.

Unnet Needs and Problems of the State Program

Financial needs for full program development have not been met.

Need for advanced federal funding of vocational education has not

Hora timely and adequate employment and job opportunity data are needed for program planning and operation.

Systems of identification and referral of disadvantaged and handicapped into vocational education need improvement.

More resources and effort must be expended in developing and keeping curriculum current to needs.

The vocational needs of cany atudents in Idaho's small schools are not being fully met because of insufficient enrollments and finances to support a varied vocational program that would meet the individual interests and needs of the student.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND GOALS OF INSTITUTIONS AND DIVISIONS

EASTERN IDAHO VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL SCHOOL

Epitern Idaho Vocational-Technical School is a state-funded postsecondary vocational-technical school serving primarily College District VI and, secondly, all individuals who need and can profit from vocational or technical training.

The curriculum in several areah was modified during the year to meet varied objectives. The market management program was restructured for modular intruction. The automotive technology program, formarly called auto mechanics, was restructured to decrease customer work to 20 per cent per year of the live work, stabilize enrollment to 30-40 students in the fiscal year, and decrease early terminations and dropouts to less than 20 per cent. Options in nuclear technology were increased to three areas and enrollment increased to 12-15 students per instructor. The consumer electronics program reduced customer service work to 20 per cent of student projects, while the scope of the electronics industry serviced by the program was expanded.

As part of a budget revision, each program had an individual budget and personal budget record prior to Jan. 1, 1975. All programs will have lime item budgets for Piscal Year 1977.

The completion of Phases II and III of the Machanical Technologies
Building allowed for consolidation in modern facilities, and the growth
and potential of Eastern Idaho Vocational-Technical School indicate
additional facilities are required. Plans are being formulated to gain
funding for a parking lot by July 1, 1976. The Economic Davelopment
Administration has been contacted, and there is the possibility of a
\$1.2 million match for a new facility from the EDA's money. An effort
will be made to obtain the \$1.2 million match from the Idaho Lagialature.

Additional programs were operated on the open entry-exit achedule.

Students exit from programs when they reach the desired occupational competency required for the job they seek. New students are enrolled as vacancies.

More programs were adapted to the eleven month schedule to utilize facilities, equipment and staff to the maximum, to increase the number of students accommodated, and to enable the student to enter the full-time labor market a year earlier.

Adult Lavel '

There was a 665 increase in the total number of adults enrolled in adult extension programs. Enrollments were 7,690 in 1974 and 8,355 in 1975. The number of programs increased from 565 in 1974 to 614 in 1975, and the average langua of adult programs increased.

Disadvantaged.

The member of disselvantaged people-enrolled in vocational programs decreased from 1,997 in 1974 to 1,649 in 1975.

Handicapped .

The number of handicapped people enrolled in vocational programs increased slightly from 358 in 1974 to 362 in 1975.

Ancillary Services

One new vocational aducation staff position, State Supervisor for Planning,

An evaluation of vocational programs was made by supervisors on an informal basis during their superwisory visits.

Professional development and teacher training conferences, workshops and suggest seasion were provided for vocational teachers. Over 700 vocational educators attended the one week in-service conference at I.S.U. in June 1975.

Other programs included a workshop for cooperative education coordinators.

a suggest seasion for 36 E.P.D.A. fellows, three workshops for office occupations teachers, a workshop for agriculture teachers in gardening, a health orientation workshop, and a trades and industrial workshop to develop performance objectives.

Continuation of an occupational information developmental project was funded from federal research funds to develop a VIEW (Vital Information for Education and Work) system for Idaho. Hicro-film cards were developed to give



students in grades 9-12 information on 300 of the most common non-professional occupations in Idaho. Distribution of alcro-film cards and micro-film readers was made to all public high schools in the state.

Cooperative Education

Programs are funded by federal funds. Six new programs were funded function programs were 828 in 1974 and 607 in 1975.

Work-Study

Nork-acudy is cotally federal funded to help needy students enter or remain in vocational education by providing them an opportunity to mare money. Forey-two acudents benefited food the work-acudy progress. Twenty-one were the achool students and 21 were postsecondary students.

Comprehensive Esployment Training Act Institutional Progress

The Federal Comprehensive Employment Act of 1973, as emended in 1974, replaced the Federal Hampover Development Training Act (FL 93-567).

CETA fulds were used to provide vocational training for the unemployed and under-employed to prepare them for employeent or for advancement in occupations of their choice.

Training was provided through group projects or through referral of individuals into on-going vucational education programs in public or private schools.

CETA supported projects enrolled 38) individual referrals in on-going vocational education programs and 72 persons in five instructional group programs.

Training allowances and subsistence for trainess was paid by the Department of Employment. Instructional costs were paid through vocational aducation.

Strengths of the State Program

Idaho is fortunate to have all education in the State of Idaho is administered by one board which serves as a State Board of Education.

Board of Regents of the University of Idaho, Trustees of Boise State

College, Trustees of Idaho State University, Trustees of Levis-Clark State

College, and State Board for Vocational Education.

Future plans and goals include:

--an increase in programs before July 1, 1976, to bring the total of full-time programs to 15.

-completion of a staff evaluation and of the staff's evaluation of administration.

--contact by the achool's director with all school superintendents in College Utatrict VI before June 10, 1936, and contact with each legislator in the district, either perionally or by mail, before Jan. 1, 1976.

-- assumption of one major school improvement project by the Stadent Council by July 1, 1976.

--- and creation of a School Scholership Committee to increase scholerships.

It is anticipated total student enrollment will rise to 500 by

80

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AND COALS OF

IDANO VOCATIONAL REPUBLICATION SERVICE

Idaho Vocational Rahadilitation in PY 1975 felt the full effects of the implementation of the Rahabilitation Act of 1973) The act directed special implementation of the Rahabilitation Act of 1973) The act directed special maphasis on services to individuals with the most severe handicaps.

The major effort in Idaho during the fiscal year was to provide services to a integer number of severely disabled people who required multiple services, over extended periods of time. Total agency rehabilitations during PY 1975 were 1,382, with 10,361 individuals served. Refabilitations in FY 1974 were 1,386. A decrease in the number of rehabilitations in FY 1975 was anticipated, and follows the national trand of lower rehabilitations and sore involvement with severely disabled clients. In FY 1975, Idaho VR schabilitated 450 severely disabled individuals which represents 33 per cent of the total rehabilitations recorded. In FY 1975, we served 3,135 severely disabled.

The Rahabilitation Act of 1973 etrassed better services be provided to the deaf community. Through the cooperation of idaho VR, a new concept to deaf learning was established at the College of Southern idaho to Twin Falls. The new project provides services to the deaf, hard of hearing and other disabled individuals, with a new approach in education for the deaf. These video tapes are recorded with sound, captions, a sign lenguage interpretar, and so instructor who apeaks for both sound and lip realing purposes.

Scripting of classicon presentations is being accomplished with a goal of 68 victo tope presentations expected. For all of the presentations, a written portion is provided. It is a complete package for a total source—tional program for the deaf. Sincety per cent of the entire program is expected to be completed for the paginning of classes in the fail. With this new innovative program, idebo is aculy one of the leaders in the mation in the advention of the deaf people.

- 32

Over the years, libbs VR has become algolishably topology with inhabitive testion facilities. Itabic VR purchases evaluation, training and placement services from rehabilitation facilities across the state. Fintel yest 1974 and idaho VR providing a grant to extablish a new tebabilitation. facility to help the handicapped in the Leviaton area. It 1979 sew the results of a comprehensive survive to Laternian matches a rebabilitation facility about he established for mandicapped individuals to the laws d'Alene area. In PT 1975, Caho republisher facilities received extensive bulp from idaho VR for staffing and equipment.

Idaho va administers a very scale-pful hidney treatment program state receiving the charge from the Idaho State Legislature in March, 1970.

Note than 101 individuals in Idaho have received although care at a cost of 1605,000. Kidney distrate machines are located in all major population counts of the state, and portable kidney machines have been purchased to make it possible for the distrate particular to the vacations and ellevithen to do things previously (not, possible because of the ties, to the distrate machine. Idaho va's expective in catabilishing a state kidney program is recognized retionally, and nemities have been conducted for other states just new becoming involved in kidney treatment, programs of their own.

Fincal Teat 1914 saw the beginnings of a far peaching poolic information program by Idaho VR. Early goals of the public information department were the production of client human interest atories for television, ratio, or newspapers, and idaho VR's own publication. "Rebabilitation focus."

From those beginnings in FF 1912, the program moved into wide acceptance by virtually all areas of the news media in the state. States millionistic client siories are exency produced for talevision news programs.

autio capes are produced for ratio news programs, articles and placegraphy are supplied to all state newspapers, and the agency publication.

"Rehabilitation Focus." is widely read to all fifty states with a circulation of over 1200. The television news atories posticularly have gained wide acceptance by the state's television atories, but the program also advises

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স্থান বিধান কৰা নামৰ বিধান কৰিবলৈ কৰিবলৈ কৰিবলৈ স্থান কৰিবলৈ বিধান বিধান কৰিবলৈ কৰিব

學 基 *

ស្ត្រីមុ - ស្រាស្ទីកន្សារស្រែក ខាង នាក់ស្តី នៅក្នុងស្រុស សូលខេត្ត គន់ទៅ ស្រុសស្រាស់ស្ត្រីសុខស្តី និងសុរី នៅកំពុងសុខ Modesching ou neerly, goal out trothe comment to be very out the reserve to high Wilson The state of the s

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· 通過分析以外,使用其氧化原物的 高級 (關心) 自動 使用的的现在分词 (例以) 如此的 (如此) 使用作用气度含含物的发生的人 医生物毒素病 人 an 表 2.2 \$ 1957 Men (1916) 全国主要的 有一 看 "中国工艺特殊主义" 不是在一种的自然,他们的主题的工程中的工程中,在12.2 是12.2 是12 tradicing waterame E. a. Fire offices in the state. The state is a factorial and state of t wake he what ten (Law) roafd tappwater - sanche is contable thabbers liketatu 文明 医克雷氏酶酶酶发生 "我们还没有什么,我有些有事的最大,就是由自己的人,是要认识的是"老头"就有一切强制的解决是否是"独心是"的事情的 · (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. (1) 1. 公共 "大大大学"(1) 15 元, 15 元,14 元,14 元 李文明 15 元年 17 And whose it the response that well and hereafter

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ecretices are decreed an important part of the total committention effort of this erate, again, The post floral year new the Idaha Association of Then appropriate to the first of the testings of the testing and the state of the s

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reaced many function in Finch's Sear 1995. A now attends providently engineers in the cline and extension the public interpation department has entablished with the population of Va. Public information will produce firm distanting the individualised Veteron Prieblication will produce firm distanting the individualised Veteron Prieblication Program to approving and also by Spanish. There films can be used by immunities in pectations in explaining the IVel to deal or demands expending plantage interpretation of production of the public information department has also become involved in producing account type I technology described which are distinctly by the Idaho Va producational staff. Secretarial training programs with also be produced in which tape.

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The america degree program in schedilitation counseling at the Milvereity of them, natablished to Floral Year 1979, is abstractorized as possibly the finest master's degree program in Februal Year 1979 are how employed.

All but these of the 21 graduates in Floral Year 1979 are how employed.

The first year of the program was termed extremely anothered. An assistant professor was adjustly the master's program staff in Floral Year 1975.

From these extremely encousable beginnings, the program is especial to grow and provide a training ground for future light V8 rehabilitation specialists, as well as other state agencies utilizing scamething pursuance.

A improvement federally funded program to provide ensules to handcopped signant and agricultural sociate to litation's Treasure ovalley area was no successful that the program was continued in Fiscal Year 1974 utilizing appraise that the program was continued in Fiscal Year 1974 utilizing appraisely bear funder. Originally the migrant program between two geographical areas, the Twin Falla-Sucley area and the Caldwell area. Idaho VA made the Section to broaded the neutron of the program to include the entire state.

Thus, it is anticipated that a significantly higher number of handcapped migraft-agricultural variants will be provided rehabilitation entwices to feture years.

A key word in listed by in Fiveal Year 1925 was "Eveluation." The program avaluator researched several projects, determining offertiveness of VX services in listen. The new avaluation procedure is seen as a continuity day to day activity as idahu VX realizes that more people than ever are looking at reliabilitation, i.e., various consumer groups, voluntary organizations, any the singurase. The evaluation procedure will pinpoint agency effectiveless, administration, define program objectives, study the objectives and form constrainme and recommendations to be implemented to the ideas of procedure.

in Figural Year 1919 looks we untilized the facilities of the Regional Secondship institute on the rempus of Fortland State University. The institute deals with job development and job pleament of the handscapped. During the second year in extension, Idaha VR will utilize the new program to become more adopt in the placement of clients in the positions for which they have been prepared.

The philosophy of staff development in Idaho VR has changed in that the staff development officer has gone to the field to gare what training needs



exist and to what aleas remainification consisted need miss is attained.

A new supposate to the fidely training program to an attaining department thates,
responsing to itself league. A dependence on our of reaching training program
to there is a commutative, in rapidly being phased wat.

A apprical considerant to be received, distabled in Idaho was received in Idaho Va to the received Person Direct Property of the received qualitable property of the received property of the amendant of the program of the been more than additionated, the appropriate compactant will continue to fraver the nuttic state, lending but accurate and expertise to receptification communities to their dealings with the secretary standards. The convenience can also become an expert to received up a retificial appliances, and is must rectal as a commenter that proved in a residence of the received property.

MONIFICANT DIVELOPMENTS AND COALS OF

STATE SCIENCE FOR THE DEAP AND THE BLIND

Hajor Accomplishments

Initiation and implementation of new programs and the expansion of metablished ones greatly improved services provided by the Uchool for the Deaf and the School for the Bind for Learing and visually impaired whildren to the State of Idaho during fiscal year 1975.

School for the Best

Early childhood aducation programs were secablished in four acess
Laf Idahor Boise, Idaho Felia, Leviston and Cocut d'Aleus. These programs
served as early intervention appendages of the residential school and are
known as Freschool Satellite Programs for Bearing Impaired Children.

These satellite riseases involve the residential echool in Gooding as the directing center for instruction and supervision. Five trained instruction of the deaf were hired to teach in the natellite areas.

Emphasis has been placed on early identification of hearing impaired, children and the consequent preparation of these children for integration into public school of strending the residential school. Also recognised as an important factor to the child's voltage is the need to maintain the femily unit in the child's early years.

The programs have evolved into several phases:

- Establishing contact with local, state and federal agencies in identifying children with hearing impairments as well as improved working relations with physicians, audiologists and hearing sid dealers.
- 2. Screening all atudents who have shown signs of potential hearing problems and referring those students who fail the screening for audiological testing. During the fiscal year of 1975, approximately 30% students were screened. Forty-five received audiological evaluation and 15 either entered the progress or received remedial treatment.

- Providing Infant education by involving the hearing topatend infant in the natural surroundings of the home with parents and siblings providing communication and language experiences.
- A. Providing parents with commetting services in order to better, understand desiress, language development, amplification and made of communication in dealing with their child.
- 5. Providing the following to preschool hearing impaired children discovered in ideho: audiological testing, fitting of hearing aids and instruction in their use, auditory training, teaching the communication skills of speech, apenchreading, and/or the language of signs.
- 6. Establishing prescheel classroom progress enabling hearing impaired children to explore their environment freely and gain meaningful understanding of their own behavior in relation to their environment in preparation for integration into public school or a residential school. Twenty children were served to the four regions during freeal year 1975.
 - improving public swarraens of desthess, through paraonal context, public media and sign language classes open to the public. Puring the 1975 Tincal year, els sign language classes were taught with approximately 140 participants.

A survey of parents with preached he log impaired children has indicated great appreciation and enthusiasm. Parents appreciate the expertise of the teachers in instructing their children and in sounceling them to terms of understanding desiness and showing enthusiasm for the growth made by their children both condenically and socially. With the direction of the preached teacher, the parents have sessions a lifet role in the aducation of their children?

in addition to the preschool program, a series of child care training sessions with the dormitory supervisors was conducted. Five sign language classes were held on campus which parents, teachers and dormitory supervisors attended?

we have also maintained a high level of proficiency, in our academic, vecacional and extra curricular programs. These programs provide a broad array of experiences which will prepare our students for graduation.



School for the Bitni

The past year has seen the continuation of many programs and the been primarily a year for improvement of programs rather than implementation of new programs. As continued in the last blennial report, a wide array of service is provided through the shool for the Slind and making these convices of maximum benefit to the students, their parants, and the local communities of idaho at the meat economical contribution is the next largest task faced by the School for the Slind. Thus, there have been no changes of major consequence.

The major evidence of growth and improvement has been the increased number of students receiving services in all phases of the services, the improvement of services in quality of agterials and timelinese of delivery, and desperation received free other agencies.

The population served by the School is of two categories:

- 1. Blind students are those whose visual condition prohibits them
 from reading the printed page, whether in regular size type of
 large type. They must depend on their other senses for learning.

 I the usual adaptations involving the schoe of touch (braille,
 typing, tactile stimulation) and hearing (tape recordings, recorded
 books, and other suditory stimulation.)
- 2. Partial sighted students are those who have visual impairments after the best possible correction is such that it interfores with efficient learning, but who can still use vision as their chief channel of learning if large print and/or other materials and services can be adapted to components for their visual impairment.

Additional handicape may be present, but in order for the student to qualify for services provided by the programs for the school, the visual impairment must be present.

New Facilities

During fiscal 1975 the construction of a building designed to meat the needs of the educational programs for the blind was begun and completed.

This building replaces a structure which the been to use since the School for the Deaf and Blind was moved to Brodie, in 1910. The building was designed to accomplish three specific ends: (1) provide a resource center and storage facility for materials used across the state in the Itinerant program; (2) provide the needed classroom space for the School for the Blind; and (3) provide a facility for desirblind, sultihandicapped children. These size were mat by the design of the building, and students and staff look forward to enjoying the new facility.

Program to orges

throughout the state, note children with the parential to remain in the public achors system have been able to do so. This means that the februal for the fitted on the Gooding campus serves a higher percentage of children with less potential or who are headtcapped to such an extent that they are unable to be served by the public school. In order to must be occurred of those children more effectively, a two track system has been designed to meet the need of those who come for interprise services uver a short period of time, and those who have additional handiceps.

This program provides the intensive service aimed at public a final teaching in one track and a prevocational training program for the more accoraly impaired.

Parullment - Stell Changes

Encolment figures in the fear programs in the Sch. or the Bilad show the school to serving an increasing number of students much year. The table shows that must of the scudents are being served in the local community. Reports from incal districts, including teachers, administrators and students show that many of the students would be unable to programs without the services being provided. The annulisest figures for the year five years are shown in Table 1.

EDESTINATED PRODUCES FOR THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE BLIND.

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1970 - 1975

Program	٠.	1769 F	<u>70</u> "	1976	0-11 C	(97)	1-11 C	1177	<u>- 21</u>	197	1-74 C	197.	C-75
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As Table 1 and 2 show, the Department for the Blind has been able to develop and expand the programs to serve many more children with relatively few increases in stuff members. This is even more significant when a better teacher student ratio exists for the more multiheadicapped children in the dest-blind section.

Registration of Legally Blind Students

As of Jan. 1, 1914, 61 anudents were registared as "legally blicd" with I the American Princing House for the Bitod for the purpose of the "Act to Premot the Squartion of the Blind." The school's quote so a result of registration under this act was 12,601,56 for the fiscal year of July 1, 1974 to June 10, 1975. In fiscal year 1774 the number was 37 and quote was approximately 373. The increased number registered indicates that more students are being located in the itinerage programs.

Professional Crowth

During the 1974-75 school year staff numbers assended several workshops.

Henry of these were appropried by the Regional Center for Best-Slind and the
Early Childhood project. These included a workshop on learning disabilities.

a recreation conference for doaf-blind, and a visit to the preschool program
in Utah for the early childhood meacher.

Chierrives of the School for the Brat and the Blind

- 1. To theplee and help housing and executily imported children to uchieve human relationships, arrain economic effects by and aspromatically civic responsibility.
- to provide quality services in all areas of education as outlined by the State Department of Education.
- to provide the oncessary educationat, operational and maintenance equipment and materials to promote improvement and expansion as well-as timely replacement of worn-out, from.

- To operate a scattenital actual in Roading to serve deal, tilint.
 and deal-bited children.
- To establish the residential actions so an initiatetation and resource center for all educational programs serving the "centery and visually imported children or thans.
- 5. To continue to temph and improve the communication skills of deal students throughout these school careers.
- To teach brattle to all studeorn who are weable to read large print.
- A. To track blind distinct to become nobile and independent.
- '9. To provide theseuntion and sommeling to heating impaired and visually impaired children 0 a 6 years of age son their paradis,
- 10. To use indered furth efficiently and effectively to promote expansion of genericus and initiate new adjustional programs for bearing and visually impaired children in Idaho.
- it. To locate hearing and visually impaired children, 8 x 19 pasts of age, and determine which children quality for sarviva.
 - 17. To improve and expend certain phages of the residential program for deaf and blind similants.
 - il. To operate a equipment blocked progress to increase the albievement levels of visually handledped children attending achools in their home communities.
 - 14. To continue to provide a high quality educational program for deat-bited affildren.
 - 15. To improve and nepand whely childrend acceptains to pearing impaired of childrend of a years of age and their parable on a statement bears.
 - 16. To operate a statewish regional preschool program for the hearing impaired to the following areday Soian, idado falla, Lawieton and Goour d'Alene.
 - 1). To proper hearing impaired students for francition into public achiev programs of the state feeldential achiev.

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